# FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

XVI.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 5, 1833. [NO. 822.

AND PUBLISHED, WEEKLY,
*Edward J. Hale,*
annum, if paid in advance; $3
ring the year of subscription; or
he end of the year.

EMENTS inserted for sixty cents per
irst, & thirty cents for each succeed-
. Advertisers are requested to state
nsertions desired, or they will be con-
id, and charged accordingly.
e Editor must be post paid.


## SHOES, &c.

w landing, consisting of a general as-
fresh from the manufactories, suita-
try trade.
—ALSO—
**ms Wrapping Paper.**
A. KIMBALL.
§6-tf.§

**0** Lbs. prime green Coffee,
10 hhds. Sugar,
10 do. Molasses,
d for sale low for cash or country
HENRY HORN.
15-tf.

## ESH LIME.

s fresh Thomastown Stone LIME,
Just received, and for sale by
THOS. SANDFORD & CO.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Dec. 18, 1832. 11-tf.

## ADLOCK'S

Powder for Diseases of the Lungs.
he Book Store of E. J. HALE.

## NOTICE.

EL SUTHERLAND, is constituted
t for the collection of all Notes and
to me, with instructions to proceed
, by legal process, against all who
rst application.
WM L HAWLEY.

sale at my Store, three doors East of
are, Person st., wholesale or retail,—
pper Leather,
l Harness do.

elphia Calf Skins,
Blue and Black Coach Lining Skins,
dding and Shoe Lining Skins,
nd Coarse Shoes, by the Case or re-

Wool Hats,
read, and Black Varnish,
ne Lasts, assorted,
ith a general assortment of Groceries.

## EW GOODS.

LEY has just received his **FALL**
**INTER GOODS,** consisting in

mmon Cloths, Cassimeres & Sattinetts,
heetings and Shirtings,
, No. 5 to 10,
Bedtick,
inghams,
a variety of patterns,
simere and Cantoon Cords,
Calicoes and Prints,
ric and cotton Hdkffs.
erine and gauze do.
sortment of Drillings,
nd fancy Merseilles,
Bombazets,
and quality Binding,
eeding Hoes,
Taylor's Axes,
linges—Trace Chains,
rtment of stock, plate and knob Locks
tches,
er, cupboard and pad Locks,
Forks, and pocket Knives,
sortment of Carpenter's Tools,
Manilla Cordage,
ine Hats, Shoes and Trunks,
lles and Valisses,
oda Powders,
ints and Putty,
and maple Soap,
Preston Salts and Rose,
e, Cloves and Cinnamon,
round Ginger,
Cheese,
bloom Raisins,
lass 8x10 and 10x12,
owder, Lead and Shot,
d Hyson Teas,
own Sugar,
sses, Salt, Iron, &c. &c.
7tf.

## Sugar, Teas, Wines, d Liquors, &c. &c.

iber is now receiving and offers for
ollowing articles, viz:
Rico COFFEE,
Croix, P. R. and N. O. Sugar,
, Gunpowder, Souchong, and Young
Teas, in half and quarter chests and
rs suitable for families,
adeira, Sherry, Teneriffe, L. P. and S.
ra, Muscat and Malaga Wines,
Port, Champaigne and Claret,
Brandy (Seignette Brand) in pipes and
r casks, warranted pure as imported.
(Swan Brand) old Jamaica Rum and
gahela Whiskey, of excellent flavour,
Soft shell Almonds, Nutmegs, Sweet
ves, Cayenne Pepper, Race Ginger,
Pimento, and London Mustard, fresh,
Stout Porter in pint & quart bottles.
do do and Ale in do,
tters, fresh Lime Juice and Lemon Si-
eet Chocolate and fine Table Salt in

orted sizes, Wine and Porter Bottles,
ible refined Loaf Sugar,
oaf and Lump do,
Nails and Brads assorted,
sh and American Wrought Nails assort-

wder, bar Lead, and Shot,
le Leather, small sides weighing from 9
lbs.
oap, White Lead, Paints, Window Glass,
sh Segars, Saunders' *best* Chewing To-
o,
Maccaboy Snuff, Indigo, Chalk, Copperas
ish White, Saltpetre, Alum, Spirits of
pentine and Lamp Black, &c. &c. &c.
ARCH. CAMPBELL.
ville, *August* 28, 1832. §94-tf.§

## FOR SALE,

**119** KEGS WHITE LEAD, warranted pure,
102 Gall. Lamp Oil,
2000 lbs. Glauber Salts. 900 lbs. Epsom,
200 lbs. Chloride Lime,
1 bale Hops,
1 carboy Aquafortis,
1 do Sulphuric Acid,
7 Hampers Black Bottles,
Linseed, Train and Sweet Oil,
Glass 8x10 and 10x12, Putty in bladders,
Ink Powder and Liquid Ink, Maynard & Noyes',
Red and coloured wafers,
Syrup Sassaparilla and Liverwort,
Swaim's Panacea, (genuine,)
Indelible Ink,
Maccasar and Bear's Oil, (genuine,)
Peppermint and Boneset Lozenges,
Chlorine Tooth-wash, a very superior article for cleansing the Teeth, (genuine,)
Osborne's Superior Water Colours, in Maple and Mahogony Boxes,
Superior Hair, Clothes, Hatter's, Paint and White-wash Brushes,
Surgeon and Dentist Instruments, superior quality,
Hull's, Eberlee's and common Trusses,
Shop Furniture, Crucibles, Retorts, and evaporating Dishes,
Patent Medicines, (a large assortment.)
*ALSO,*
Almonds, Raisins, Filberts & English Walnuts.
R. MAYNARD & CO.
October 2. 800-tf.

## Specific for Ague and Fever.

THOMAS'S INDIAN MEDICAMENTUM,

AN infallible remedy for Ague and Fever, and all diseases of the stomach, arising from bile. Experience, the surest and most convincing teacher, has most satisfactorily proved the efficacy of this medicine, as a remedy for the above named diseases.

It has frequently been tried, in long standing cases of Ague and Fever, and has been attended with success. If resorted to on the first attack of the Ague, one dose is sufficient.

Patients who use this medicine, will not find themselves, while using it, under the necessity of changing their ordinary diet, or suspending their attention to business.

When the stomach is surcharged with bile, one dose of the **MEDICAMENTUM** gives relief, as it cleanses the stomach of all morbid humours, and prevents all predisposition to head-ache, indigestion and fevers, it will be found to be one of the most useful and convenient Spring and Fall purgatives that can be resorted to.

For sale by
THOMAS COCHRAN,
*North East corner of Market Square.*

## To the Public.

THE Subscribers do most cheerfully recommend *THOMAS'S INDIAN MEDICAMENTUM,* for Agues and Fevers, having suffered much from that distressing complaint and found no permanent relief until they made use of that Medicine. It is perfectly safe and gives immediate relief when taken according to directions.

ARCH'D SMITH,
NEILL McNAIR,
CASWELL S. BRAY.
*July 9th,* 1832. 88-tf.

## Removal.

JAMES KYLE

HAS removed to his New Brick Store, at his Old Stand, corner of Market Square and Hay street, where he is now receiving a large and general assortment of

**DRY GOODS,**
**HARDWARE & GROCERIES,**

Also, an assortment of
BEST ANCHOR BOLTING CLOTHS,
of which will be offered at reduced prices, by wholesale or retail.
*March* 20. 72tf.

## NOTICE.

ALL Persons that are indebted to the subscriber, either by bond, note or book account, are particularly requested to call and settle the same, as I am closing my business in Fayetteville. Longer indulgence cannot be given.

HENRY L. JONES.
December 18th, 1832. 11-tf

## For Sale—*For Cash or Produce,*

**6** Hhds. N. O and Porto Rico SUGAR,
10 Bags Coffee,
50 Kegs cut Nails, assorted, from 4d to 20d.
Castings, a handsome assortment,
Heavy Trace Chains, Axes, Shovels, Cotton and Wool Cards, Wagon boxes, Swedes and English Iron, Copperas, Saltpetre, Madder, Indigo, &c. &c.
—ALSO—
AN ASSORTMENT OF STAPLE
**Dry Goods,**
MEN'S CLOAKS.
**1000** bushels Liverpool and Alum SALT.
JOHN MUNN.
*December* 4, 1832. §9-tf.§

## For Sale,

A NEAT family CARRIAGE and Pannel GIG.—*Also,* BAROUCHES, Stick GIGS, light WAGONS, &c.
GARDNER & McKETHAN,
COACH MAKERS.
*Fayetteville, December* 4, 1832. 9tf.

## NOTICE.

JUST received, per Steam Boat Henrietta, the following Goods:
5 hhds prime Sugar,
8 bbls Tanners' Oil,
1 hhd best Winter Lamp Oil,
20 kegs White Lead, in Oil,
200 lbs Dry Do.
20 boxes 8x10 Window Glass,
2 tons Castings, assorted, some large Pots and Kettles, Wagon Boxes, &c.
1 Ceroon best Spanish Indigo,
Spanish Brown, Epsom and Glauber Salts,
Ginger, Madder, Camphor, &c
JONES FULLER.
Nov. 27, 1832. 8-tf

## PAPER.

**500** REAMS WRAPPING PAPER, for sale cheap at the Paper Mill
February 7th, 1833. 19-4w.

## Cheese, &c.

**10** Casks prime CHEESE,
1 hhd. Shell Barks,
30 boxes Herring,
Writing and Letter Paper,
Just received and for sale by
THO. SANDFORD & CO.
February 11. 19-tf.

## On Consignment,

**25** Hhds. prime retailing Molasses, (new crop)
70 Bbls. Thomastown Lime,
25 bags Coffee,
50 boxes smoked Herrings,
For sale low for cash, by
DAN. SUTHERLAND.
*February* 11, 1833. 19tf.

## Standard Keeper's Notice.

THE public are hereby notified that the Standard Weights and Measures have been received from New York, and that the Subscriber, having been duly appointed Standard Keeper for the town of Fayetteville and county of Cumberland, is prepared to examine and put his seal on all Weights and Measures agreeably to law. All persons are hereby required to bring forward their Weights and Measures, to be examined, at the Standard Keeper's Office at the Store of Gurdon Deming, Esq., in case of failure, they will be dealt with as the law directs.

FRED. MOORE, S. K.
*Fayetteville, Feb.* 11, 1833. 19-6w.

## Bark Wanted,

AT the Fayetteville Tan Yard, several hundred cords of OAK BARK. The highest market price in cash will be given
KYLE & BOWMAN.
*Feb.* 11, 1833.—19-3m

## Land for Sale.

THE Subscriber is duly authorized to sell the life estate of Mrs. *Sarah McPherson,* in two tracts of Land lying in the County of Cumberland, one containing 305 acres, situated on the North side of Big Rockfish, 12 miles from Fayetteville, on the Camden Road, being the former residence of John McPherson, dec'd, and having on it a good Dwelling House and all necessary out houses, a Mill which would require but little repair to put it in operation. Between 40 and 50 acres of the Land is under cultivation It would be a good stand for a person desirous of keeping a Public House; and being near the creek, is valuable for its timber.

The other tract contains about 106 acres, lying 4 miles west of Fayetteville, on the Chicken Road, and adjoining the Lands of Colin McPherson, Alexander McPherson, and Daniel Baker, Esq. It is remarkably well timbered. The terms will be liberal and accommodating to the purchaser. Apply to DANIEL BAKER,
*Attorney for Sarah McPherson.*
Cumberland County, Feb. 11. 19tf

## List of Lands,

TO be sold for the Taxes due thereon for the years 1830 and 1831. The sale will take place at the Court House in Fayetteville, on Monday, the 11th of March next. *Tax.*

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 300 acres, supposed to be Alex. Munn's, not listed, on Dobbin's Creek, | | | | *Cents* 75 |
| 100 do. Hugh Cravy, waters of Black river, not listed, | | | | 30 |
| 1 Lot North side of Rowan street, | | | David Hay's, | 30 |
| 200 acres on Rum creek, estate of A. Smith, | | | | $1 00 |
| 50 do | do | do | do | 10 |
| 321 do | do | do | do | 74 |
| 150 do Cowpen Branch | | do | do | 32 |

JOHN BLACK, *Late Sheriff*
*January* 8, 1833. 14ts.

## To the Public.

I Regret being compelled to notice an absurdity that made its appearance in the last week's Journal, signed H. Balsan, Surgeon Dentist, deprecating the use of human teeth, by saying that there was imminent danger of disease being produced by their insertion, and at the same time endeavoring to gull the public into a belief that the material manufactured by himself, was the only substitute for teeth. I feel it a duty I owe to the public, as well as to myself, to state that it is unfounded. I have been almost daily using human teeth for six or seven years, without ever witnessing the slightest unpleasant effect from their being inserted; during which time, I have inserted a number of mineral incorruptible teeth, all of which failed to give satisfaction. There are many serious objections to the mineral incorruptible teeth, some of which I will endeavor to explain, to the satisfaction of the public.

Objection 1st. There is nothing like animation in their appearance; 2d, there is nothing like congeniality between them and the gum; 3d, and worst of all, their extreme liability to crack.

I therefore caution the public against the serious imposition of any mineral or composition teeth whatever.

I am unable to say whether *his* prejudice proceeds from ignorance or an unwillingness to pay the price which the scarcity and value of human teeth command.

In conclusion to the above remarks, I would refer to Dr. Fitch of New York, whose work can be found in almost every Book store.

S. M. WHEATON, Dental Surgeon.
*February 5.* 18tf.

The Editors of the Press and Advertiser in Wilmington, will please publish the above till forbid.
S. M. W.

## Temperance Meeting.

A MEETING of the Fayetteville Temperance Society is called by their Executive Committee, to be held in the Town Hall in Fayetteville, on the evening of Tuesday, the 26th of February next. The American Temperance Society have appointed that day for Temperance Meetings in all the cities, towns and villages in the U. States; and recommended that a Temperance Society be formed in every place where there is none, and that suitable efforts be made to increase the number of members of societies already formed.

All the friends of Temperance in Town and in the neighbouring country are respectfully invited to attend the meeting in Fayetteville. The Committee will endeavor to make it interesting;—several Addresses may be expected.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
*Fayetteville, Jan.* 28, 1833. 17tf.

## Beef.

A FEW half Barrels *MESS BEEF,* put up expressly for family use, for sale by
A. KIMBALL.

## PROCLAMATION,

**By the Governor of N. Carolina.**

Whereas by an act passed at the last Session of the General Assembly of this State, entitled "An Act to establish *the Bank of North Carolina,*" it is made the duty of the Governor, to issue his proclamation, immediately after the adjournment of the Legislature, appointing five Commissioners at each of the places hereinafter named, to open books of subscription for stock in said Bank, amounting to the sum of one million of dollars, to be divided into shares of one hundred dollars each:—Now I, DAVID L. SWAIN, Governor of North Carolina, in obedience to the said Act of Assembly, do hereby issue this my proclamation, appointing Edward B. Dudley, Thos. B. Wright, James F. McRee, Owen Holmes and Robert H. Cowan, Commissioners to open books of subscription for the purpose aforesaid at Wilmington. John W. Wright, John H. Hall, Duncan McRae, Edward L. Winslow and Daniel M'Dairmid, at Fayetteville. Thomas Marshall, David W. Borden, Otway Burns, Jeconias Pigott and Benjamin Leecraft, at Beaufort. R. D. Speight, Samuel Simpson, Wm Hollister, Wm. Gaston and John M. Roberts, at Newbern. Thos. H. Blount, Allen Grist, Abner P. Neal, James Ellison and Eli Hoyt, at Washington. Josiah Collins, Sen., Jos. B. Skinner, David W. Stone, Nathaniel Brewer, and Jonathan H Haughton, at Edenton. Andrew Joiner, Mark H. Pettaway, Edmund B. Freeman, William B. Lockhart and Thomas Burgess, at Halifax. Horatio N. Williams, Benjamin Sutton, John C. McMorine, Miles White and Isaiah Fearing, at Elizabeth City. Joseph R. Lloyd, James W. Clarke, Peter Evans, Exum Lewis and Henry Austin, at Tarborough. Joseph Gales, William Boylan, James Grant, Alfred Jones and Charles L. Hinton, at Raleigh. James Webb, James S. Smith, William A. Graham, Frederick Nash and Alfred Moore, at Hillsborough. George Williamson, Stephen Dodson, Willie Jones, Samuel Watkins and Azariah Graves, at Milton. John M. Morehead, Jesse Lindsay, Henry Humphreys, Robert Maxwell and Jonathan Parker, at Greensborough. John Hill, Charles F. Bagge, Emanuel Shober, Thomas T. Armstrong and Matthew R. Moore, at Salem. David F. Caldwell, Maxwell Chambers, Thomas L. Cowan, Michael Brown and Richard H. Alexander, at Salisbury. John Smith, Clement Marshall, Alexander Little, Adam Lockhart and William Dismukes, at Wadesborough. John Irwin, Eli Springs, William Davidson, William I. Alexander and Samuel McCombs, at Charlotte. Lawson Henderson, Vardry McBee, John Hoke, Daniel M. Forney and Bartlett Shipp, at Lincolnton. William P. Waugh, Edmund Jones, Walter Lenoir, Samuel F. Patterson and James Wellborn, at Wilkesborough. Thomas Walton, Isaac T Avery, Robert Pearson, William Dickson, and John W. Carson, at Morganton. James M. Smith, Samuel Chunn, James W. Patton, Richard E. Fortune and Samuel W. Davidson, at Asheville. The books of subscription will be opened at the places aforesaid under the direction of the said Commissioners, or a majority of them, on Monday, the fourth day of February next, and continued open for the space of sixty days thereafter, at the expiration of which time they will be returned to the Executive Department at Raleigh.

In testimony whereof, I have caused the Great Seal of the State to be hereunto affixed, and have signed the same with my hand.

Done at Raleigh, this 18th day of January, A. D. 1833, and of American Independence, the fifty-seventh.

DAVID L. SWAIN.

By the Governor,
W. R. HILL, *Private Secretary.*
Raleigh, Jan. 22, 1833.

## Notice is hereby Given,

THAT in conformity to the foregoing Proclamation of the Governor of the State of North Carolina, a Book of Subscription for Stock in the *"Bank of North Carolina"* was opened on Monday, the 4th instant, at the Bank of Cape Fear, in this town, and will at that place be continued open every day during Bank hours, for the space of sixty days from that time, for the purpose aforesaid.

JOHN W. WRIGHT,
JOHN H. HALL,
DUNCAN MAC RAE,
EDWARD L WINSLOW,
DAN'L McDIARMID, } *Commr's.*
*Fayetteville, 5th Feb.* 1833. 18-3dA.

## VALAUBLE PLANTATION FOR SALE.

The Subscriber finding his business too extensive for his circumstances, is induced to offer for sale, his PLANTATION, which surpasses any other within his knowledge, in the State, in the division of fields and convenient buildings, such as a two story Dwelling House, with seven rooms, a Barn 120 feet long, with a proportionable width, and many necessary out Houses, all built on an elevated situation, within the time of eleven years; among other advantages is a never failing limestone Spring, convenient to the dwelling house; also a Well, never known to fail, with excellent water. The Tract contains about Two Hundred Acres, in part adapted to the culture of Cotton, Tobacco, and Grain, one hundred acres of which are in cultivation,—about 40 or 50 acres are rich Low Grounds, including a new Meadow, in good order.

Adjoining this tract, is a large body of wood land, which affords a good range for cattle and hogs, any quantity of which can be purchased of the owners, if desired.

☞The tract is situated about 2¼ miles N. E. of Salem, Stokes County, N. C., where those inclined to purchase, can call, view the premises, and learn further particulars.

ABRAHAM HAUSER.
*Salem, Jan.* 15, 1833. 17-6w.

## FOR SALE, at Wilmington,

400 sacks of 4½ bushels each of Liverpool SALT,
6000 bushels Turks Island Salt,
25 hhds. Porto Rico Sugar,
10 ditto, New Orleans,
80 ditto, Martinique Molasses, very good,
25 bbls. 4th proof Monongohela Spirits,
100 bags Cuba Coffee,
100 kegs White Lead.
LAZARUS & WHITMARSH.
*Janaary* 11, 1833. 15 *tf.*

## Soap.

**50** BOXES No. 1. bar *SOAP,* just received pr Steamer John Walker, for sale by
A. KIMBALL.
*January* 28. 17-tf

## Shoes, &c.

**50** Cases, comprising a general assortment of SHOES, well worthy the attention of Country Merchants, received per Steamer Jno. Walker
AMOS KIMBALL.
*January* 28. 17tf.

## Nails.

*Just received from the Boston Iron Company,*
**100** kegs NAILS, assorted, from 4d to 20d.
For sale by
THO. SANDFORD & CO.
*February* 19. 20tf.

## Sugar, &c.

**300** Bbls. SUGAR,
5 ditto SHELL BARKS,
15 ditto CIDER,
Just received and for sale by
THO. SANDFORD & CO.
*February* 19. 20tf.

## PHŒNIX,

A fine large JACK, eight years old, will stand the ensuing spring season, at the Subscriber's Stable, about one mile above the Clarendon Bridge, on the East side of the River. For further particulars, apply to the Subscriber.
WM. L MILLER
*February* 19, 1833. 20-4w.

## NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to H. L. JONES, are requested to make payment of the same, without delay, to the Subscriber.
E. L. WINSLOW,
*Trustee for H. L. Jones.*
February 18. 20-3w.

## A Valuable LOT For Sale.

THE Lafayette Hotel Company will sell at Auction, on Saturday, the 16th February, at the Lafayette Hotel, a LOT OF GROUND adjoining the Hotel Lot, fronting on Hay street about forty feet. Terms liberal and made known on the day of sale. For any information respecting the Lot, apply to W. WHITEHEAD, or JOHN CAMPBELL.
*January* 28. 17-ts.

## *Postponement.*

THE above sale is postponed till 26th March next, on which day the sale will positively take place. W. WHITEHEAD,
JOHN CAMPBELL.
February 16, 1833. 20-ts.

## *Coffee, Molasses, &c.*

JUST RECEIVED BY STEAM BOAT HENRIETTA,
**25** Hhds. New crop MOLASSES,
29 Bags Java Coffee,
10 barrels Cider, For sale by
THOS. SANDFORD & CO.
February 5. 17tf.

## *Important Sale of Valuable* REAL ESTATE,

*In the Town of Fayetteville, No. Carolina.*

ON Tuesday the 26th day of March next, at the Town House, or on the pavement in front of the premises, will be sold at Public Auction, the following desirable and very valuable LOTS, viz:

One Lot, corner of Hay and Donaldson streets, 46 feet front on Hay street, running back to Franklin street, being the site of the old Lafayette Hotel, the foundations (which are of stone and very substantial) and the brick thereon included.

Also, five other Lots East of and adjoining the above, each 21 feet front and rear, running back to Franklin street 288 feet.

The above Lots are all situated between the new Lafayette Hotel and Market Square, being in the most valuable business part of the town, the side walks in front handsomely paved and curbed with stone. Indisputable titles will be given.

Terms of Sale.—A credit of one, two, three and four years, purchasers to give bonds, bearing interest from date, payable in New York, and secured by a mortgage on the premises. For further particulars, apply to
JOSEPH BAKER,
Agent for Robert Donaldson.
*Fayetteville, February* 5. 18ts.

## NOTICE.

ALL persons who placed papers in the hands of the late Archibald Smith, as Constable for collection, will please call on the Subscriber this day, who will deliver the same on the proper evidence being shown of the fact.
WM WADDILL, Jr.
*February* 11. 20-3w.

## To Editors and Publishers.

THE Undersigned offers his services to the Editors and Publishers throughout the U. S. as a General Agent, either for the purpose of collecting debts already due (particularly in N. Carolina, S. Carolina and Virginia) or of procuring Subscribers to Periodicals, Newspapers or unpublished Works. He has been engaged extensively in this State and S. Carolina, as a travelling Agent and Collector for the past year, and refers to the subjoined certificate as an evidence of his qualifications for the business.—Such persons as are desirous of availing themselves of his services, will please to address him (post paid) at Raleigh, N. C. and state the terms they offer.
WM. H. WILLIAMS.
Raleigh, Jan. 14, 1833.

N. B.—A letter from N. York (postage unpaid) is in the Post Office, and will not be taken out.—All unpaid letters (positively,) will not be taken from the Post Office. W. H. W.
*Raleigh, Feb.* 4, 1833.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

THIS is to certify, that during the last year, Dr. *Wm. H. Williams,* of this City, has been extensively engaged in collecting Newspaper and other Accounts for us as well as other Editors, and by his fidelity, punctuality and persevering activity, has given entire satisfaction.—We recommend him to the Public as a valuable Agent, in whose integrity the most perfect confidence may be placed.
J. GALES & SON,
Editors of the Raleigh Register.
LAWRENCE & LEMAY,
Editors of the Raleigh Star.
E. J. HALE,
Editor of the Fayetteville Observer.
*Raleigh, January* 14, 1833.

## Pocket Book Lost.

ON Saturday evening the 9th inst., the Subscriber lost, between Fayetteville and Davis's, on the Camden Stage Road, a white Leather POCKET BOOK, containing about 50 or 55 Dollars, consisting of three $5 U. Staets Bank Bills, one $10 bill S. C. money, and the balance in $5 bills, S. C. money. There was no name or papers within the Pocket Book. A reward of Ten Dollars will be paid for the recovery of the money, or in proportion for any part.
HUGH A. BLOUNT.
*Fayetteville, Feb.* 19, 1833. 20-3w.

**400** Sacks of blown SALT, for sale by
W. WHITEHEAD.
January 15. 15tf.

## NEW SPRING GOODS.

THE Subscriber is now receiving his Spring supply of FANCY DRY GOODS, &c. direct from New York and Philadelphia, which he offers for sale at his usual low prices for cash.
H. CAMPBELL, Jr.
Fayetteville, Feb. 26. 21tf.

## *Five Dollars Reward.*

STRAYED or stolen from the Subscriber, on the 6th instant, a Hound DOG called BULLET, marked as follows: black back, white feet, long tail tipped with white, half ring on his neck, yellow specks over his eyes, and a hole on the lower end of his right ear. The above reward will be given, with thanks for the Dog, or information that will lead to his recovery.
JNO. WADDILL, Jr.
February 26. 21tf.

JUST RECEIVED, AN ADDITIONAL SUPPLY OF

## BOOKS, &c.

AMONG which are, History of Ireland, Prince Puckler's Tour, Travels in Peru, French Revolution, Voyage to St. Helena, Outlaw's Bride, Historical Anecdotes, Anecdotes of Birds, New Zealanders, Book of the Constitution, Son of a Genius, Maddock's Chancery, Coke on Littleton, Starkie on Evidence, Barton's Equity, Eberle's Practice, Henry's Commentary, Chapman's Sermon's, Theological Library, Keith's Evidences of Prophecy, Keith's Sojourns of the Times, Wilson's Private devotions, Is it well? by Dr. Bedell, Religious Souvenir, by do; Jay's Exercises, Crabbe's Synonymes, Legh Richmond, Sketch Book, Art of being Happy, the Garland, Mrs. Ewing, Life of Isabella Campbell, The Waldenses, Village and Assembly Hymns, Confession of Faith, Union Bible Questions, Playfair's Euclid, Ryan's Algebra, Key to do., Liber Primus, &c. &c. A large assortment of colored and plain Toys, Primers, &c. Cheap Paper. A handsome assortment of

## *NEW MUSIC.*

Among which are many of the latest popular Songs.
E. J. HALE.
*February* 25, 1833.

## Notice.

WHEREAS my wife HANNAH SHAW having left my bed and board, I hereby forewarn all persons from crediting her on my account, as I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting.
MALCOM SHAW.
*February* 13, 1833. 20-3w.p.

## $15 REWARD.

RANAWAY from the Subscriber on the 26th January last, a Negro man by the name of HAUZER PROSPER. Said boy is about 30 years of age, five feet eight inches high, dark complexion, thick set and rather small eyes. He may be lurking about Fayetteville as he has some acquaintances in that neighborhood and the upper part of Robeson County. He can read and perhaps write and may have prepared himself with a free pass. The above reward will be given for the delivery of said boy to me in Wadesborough, or five dollars if apprehended and put in any Jail in this State.
THOMAS HAMER.
Wadesboro', N. C. Feb. 20, 1833. 21 3w.

## Taken Up,

AND committed to the Jail of Cumberland county, on the 9th instant, a negro man who says his name is JIM, the property of Robert Huie, of Rowan County. He is about 35 years of age, six feet high, large prominent eyes, the first joint of the left fore finger is off, and has a scar on the right temple. The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away.
FRED. MOORE, *Jailer.*
*Fayetteville, Feb.* 25. 21tf.

## Pewter Ware, Church Furniture, &c.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE,
**40** Doz. Pewter Plates, assorted, from 14 lbs. to 6 lbs. per dozen.
20 doz. Pewter Basins, assorted, from gallon to pint,
10 doz. Pewter Platters, deep, two sizes,
Pewter Tankards, Baptismal Bowls, Goblets, Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, &c. &c,
All of best materials and workmanship, at wholesale or retail. JAMES MARTINE
*Juanary* 12, 1833. 16eow4t.

## Chairs.

**20** DOZ. Windsor and Flag bottom CHAIRS, of different qualities. *Also,*
*A few Rocking Chairs,*
For sale by A. KIMBALL.
*January* 28. 17-tf

## *Earthenware, China, & Glass.*

THOMAS J. BARROW & CO. IMPORTERS, 88, *Water Street, New York,* are receiving their Spring Importations in the above line; comprising a great variety of the Newest Patterns, which are offered to Southern Merchants at the most reduced prices possible for the article to be sold at.

In addition to the above, they have a large and complete assortment of gilt and plain LOOKING-GLASSES constantly on hand at low prices.

Hoping a continuation of the liberal support hitherto received from our Southern friends, we have made every exertion to lay in a Stock of the most desirable Goods for that market—and it shall be our constant endeavor to promote the interest of all those who may favor us with their orders.
THOMAS J. BARROW & CO.
Importers—88, Water Street, New York.
*New York, January* 18, 1833. 17-9t.

## CHEAP PAPER,

For sale at the Fayetteville Book Store.

The Bill introduced in the Senate by Mr. Clay, which has for its object a modification of the Tariff, was, on Saturday night, ordered to a third reading in that body, and will no doubt pass it. What may be its fate in the House of Representatives it is more difficult to divine. As there is now little reason to expect the passage of the Bill concerning the Tariff which has been so long before the House, it seems possible at least, that, if the Bill passes the Senate to-day or to-morrow, it may also pass the other House. If such should be the result, it will disappoint our calculations for the last ten days, which, founded on the protracted proceedings and apparent irresolution of the House of Representatives on the subject, had led us to the conclusion that *no* bill concerning it would pass at the present session.
*Nat. Int.*

*From the New York American.*

SENSE AND SENSIBILITY, by *Miss Austin.* Philadelphia: *Carey & Lee.*—Of the novels of Miss Austin, so justly characterized as "family novels," we have spoken on several previous occasions, so much in commendation, that we need do no more now than notify our readers that the Philadelphia publishers have just issued this one, not the least popular of the series.

RECORDS OF MY LIFE, by *John Taylor,* author af *Monsieur Tonson.* New York: *J. & J. Harper.*—An amusing volume, certainly, though redudnant, and one which judicious pruning would render much more attractive. We quoted, in our last Saturday's Review some extracts from this book, as given in Little's Museum; and we will not not therefore now occupy our columns, burthened as they are with other claims, with many additional ones.

We give the annexed letter from Mrs. Inchbald, an actress and an authoress, though much more known in the latter than in the former character—as remarkable for the moral courage, honorable affection, and sense of true independence which it exhibits. Mrs. Inchbald, who was supposed to be in the receipt of large profits, lived in obscure lodgings and with great regard to economy. This was made a reproach against her by some acquaintances, and her friend Taylor apprized her of the fact. She thus replied:

My Dear Sir—I read your letter with gratitude, because I have had so many proofs of your friendship for me, that I do not once doubt of your kind intentions.

You have taken the best method possible, on such an occasion, not to hurt my spirits; for had you suspected me to be insane, or even nervous, you would have mentioned the subject with more caution, and by so doing might have given me alarm.

That the world should say I have lost my senses, I can readily forgive, when I recollect that a few years ago it said the same of Mrs. Siddons.

I am now fifty-two years old, and yet if I were to dress, paint, and visit, no one would call my understanding in question; or, if I were to beg from all my acquaintance a guinea or two, as subscription for a foolish book, no one would accuse me of avarice. But because I choose that retirement suitable to my years, and think it my duty to support two sisters instead of one servant, I am accused of madness. I might plunge in debt, be confined in prison, a pensioner on "The Literary fund," or be gay as a girl of eighteen, and yet be considered as perfectly in my senses; but because I choose to live in independence, affluence to me, with a mind serene, and prospects unclouded, I am supposed to be mad. In making use of the word affluence, I do not not mean to exclude some inconveniences annexed, but this is the case in every state. I wish for more suitable lodgings, but I am unfortunately averse to a street, after living so long in a square, but with all my labor to find one, I cannot fix on a spot such as I wish to make my residence for life; and till I do, and am confined to London, the beautiful view from my present apartment of the Surry hills and the Thames, invites me to remain here, for I believe that there is neither such fine air nor so fine a prospect in all the town. I am, besides, near my sisters here; and the time when they are not with me is so wholly engrossed in writing, that I want leisnre for the convenience of walking out. Retirement in the country would perhaps, have been more advisable than in London, but my sisters did not like to accompany me, and I did not like to leave them behind. There is besides, something animating in the reflection that I am in London, though partaking of none of its festivities.

In the midst of the serenity I have been boasting, I own that I have one sorrow that weighs heavy upon me. Much as it is supposed that I loved money, I would gladly give up all that I am at present earning, and something added to it, that I had never engaged in those unwieldly Prefaces. I have had my Memoirs, in four volumes, for years lying beside me. A large sum has been offered for them, yet, though I have been charged with levying money, I never hesitated when I conceived that my reputation was in the balance. I accepted the offer made to me to write these things as far as the less evil of the two, indeed as no evil; but now I fear that I should not have encountered more odium had I published my life; and yet a great deal of difficulty might have been avoided in arranging the former for publication to my advantage, by a proper assortment of subjects. As it is, I must submit, for I am bound in honor to obey.

E. INCHBALD.

Mr. Taylor adds these remarks on the letter—

It may be thought that I was officious in giving occasion for the foregoing letter; but, as I have said, hearing her character arraigned for avarice and meanness among the theatrical community, I deemed it right to adopt an intrepid sincerity, such as friendship demanded. I remember that my friend Mr. Richardson, whom I have before mentioned, soon after we became acquainted, on his leaving St. John's College, Cambridge, exacted a promise from me that I would tell him whatever I might hear to his disadvantage, that he might reform if the charge was just, or defend himself if false. This rule I have always observed with those dear to me.

Mrs. Inchbald lived at the time on the south side of the Strand, opposite the New Church, and her apartment was an attic; and thus did she deny herself many of the comforts of life from motives of affection to relations who required pecuniary assistance. Such a letter does honor to her feelings, and I am proud of having tempted her to write it. The Prefaces which she mentions, were to accompany a new edition of "The British Drama," and they prove her pure taste and sound judgment in her critical remarks on the respective productions. Her novels of a "Simple Story," and "Nature and Art," manifest a full knowledge of the depth of the human heart and of the changes of disposition to which it is so frequently subjected by the vicissitudes of fortune.—The novels will live like those of Smollet and Fielding, though of a very different description, and with respect to profound knowledge and moral tendency, more in analogy with the works of Richardson.

*From the New York American.*

At a time when so much interest is felt in every thing connected with the hallowed spot that has been decreed to desecration by the very men elected to protect it, the following account of one of its most sacred relicts will make many a bosom glow with generous indignation against the mediated sacrilege. I have forgotton the name, but not the language of the filial stranger who has left us this memorial; and surely there is not a son or daughter among us, blessed with the possession or the memory of "that softest friend, a mother," who will not respond to his affectionate expressions with a heart most tenderly and ineffaceably impressed.

"MY MOTHER."

"On a tomb near the monument erected to the memory of Hamilton, in Trinity Churchyard, there is an inscription, so singularly and affectionately beautiful, that we cannot forbear to record it, and the emotions it awakened in the bosom of a stranger. It is an oblong pile of masonry, surmounted by a slab of stone, on which are deeply cut the following words:

"MY MOTHER."

'The trumpet shall sound, and the dead shall arise.'

There are no other letters or characters on the slab or the pile. If there is one inscription in the thousand languages that are or have been on earth, fitted to retain its sublime meaning through every period of time, up to the resurrection morning, it is this. The writer seemed aware that individuals would be forgotton and titles fade from the memory of the world; he therefore engraved upon the stone the single word by which he first knew her who gave him birth; and the dearest of all names, that of mother, shall send a thrill through the heart of every one who may ever lean over this monumental pile. If any shall wish to know further of her who had a child to engrave her most endearing name upon a rock, he is solemnly referred to the sounding of the trumpet and the raising of the dead, when he may know all."

Little did this pious child or his congenial eulogist imagine that a grave thus consecrated would be outraged by the hands of Goths, in this age of refinement. But modern wisdom has discovered that the sacred veneration of the grave is but a relic of a barbarous superstition that "the living and the dead are" indeed as the Lady Macbeth styled them "but as pictures," and that it is a mawkish sensibility of womanish weakness to be moved by any outrage done the ashes of the dead.

Auri sacra fames quid non mortalia cogis
Pectora—

Our Corporation know no God but mammon, and would sacrifice upon his altar every lingering relic of religion their unhallowed avarice has spared. I should not be surprised to see old Trinity itself, laid prostrate to make way for Wall street to the Hudson. The venerable Diocesan and his celestial Tutelar would crumble in the dust before the golden calf of their idolatry without a semblance of misgiving, the Mayor would, no doubt, expect to tower from their ruins like Brutus, when

"He rose
Refulgent from the stroke of Cæsar's fate,
Waving his shining blade on high—and Rome
Again is free."

So *would* these men that all which piety deems sacred should succomb to their cursed purposes of gain.

*From Cape De Verds.*—The Brig *Susan Elizabeth,* from Cape de Verds, arrived at Boston on Saturday, having left the Isle of May on the 14th, and St. Jago on the 15th of January. Mr. GEYER a passenger, states that the provisions sent from the U. States for the starving population had arrived, and would afford but temporary relief, as the great drought with which the Islands had been visited, had been succeeded by an equally disastrous flood of rain, so that the crop were entirely destroyed. The Islanders were in a miserable condition.

*Nullification Blossoms.*—A NULLY, with two cockades on his hat, passing by a little boy, who was trundling his hoop along the street the other day, was hailed with "Halloa, Mister; shall I knock one of them blossoms off your hat?"—*Augusta Courier.*

The united effort of Messrs. Clay and Calhoun, to produce a peaceable settlement of the Tariff controversy, must bring to the recollection of the public their united exertions, when together in the House of Representatives, in favor of the war of 1812. Their opponents at that time were Webster and the Federalists, *the peace party then,* when foreign aggresion was to be expelled: And their opponents at present are Webster and the Federalists, *a war party now.*

*Charleston Mercury.*

*Grinning Extraordinary.*—A Kentuckian, once offered to bet that he could *grin* a squirrel out of a tree. The bet was made, and off the parties posted to find a squirrel. At last one was announced; but the grinner declared it was a knot. The other party said it was a squirrel. Well, says the grinner, I'll try. He grinned, but came down no squirrel. He again declared it was a knot, but the company insisted it was a squirrel; whereupon, the grinner made another effort, and the bark flew from the knot as if lightning had struck it.

**BLANKS**
FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

## MESSAGE

From the President of the United States, transmitting, in compliance with a Resolution of the Senate, the Orders given to the Land and Naval Forces at Charleston.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12th, 1833.

*To the Senate:*

In compliance with the Resolution of the Senate requesting the President of the United States to lay before it "copies of the orders which have been given to the commanding officers of the military forces assembled in and near Charleston, S. C., and also copies of the orders which have been given to the commander of the naval forces assembled in the harbor of Charleston; particularly such orders, if any such have been given, to resist the constituted authorities of the State of South Carolina within the limits of said State;" I transmit herewith papers numbered from one to seventeen, inclusive, embracing the orders which have been given to the commanding officers of the land and naval forces assembled in and near the city of Charleston, and within the limits of the State of South Carolina; and which relate to the military operation in that quarter.—No order has at any time been given, in any manner inconsistent therewith. There is a part, however, of the letter of the Secretary of War, dated December 3d, 1832, omitted, which, being conditional in its character, and not relating to the operations of the troops, it is deemed improper in the present state of the service to communicate.

No order has at any time been given "to resist the constituted authorities of South Carolina, within the chartered limits of said State."

ANDREW JACKSON.

The following is the latest letter and concludes the correspondence:

DEPARTMENT OF WAR, Jan. 26, 1833.

*Sir:* I have received your letter of the 23d inst. and am directed by the President to communicate to you his wish that you repair to Charleston, with the least possible delay, and assume the command of the troops in that quarter, under the view and instructions heretofore communicated to you. This intimation would have been given before, but I supposed it was your intention to return, and therefore felt unwilling, by any expression of my expectation, to hasten it, at the expense, perhaps, or inconvenience to yourself.

An express has been established between here and Charleston, and will be continued as long as the state of things there may permit and require it. Should, however, any circumstance delay or prevent it, you are at full liberty, whenever you think the public interest requires it, to make other arrangements for the conveyance of your despatches. You can employ pilot boats as you suggest, when these be necessary.

I did not know till yesterday that —— —— was ordered to Savannah. Your course respecting that officer was equally firm and discreet, and met my entire approbation.—I have directed he should be immediately relieved and withdrawn from that quarter.

All your despatches have been communicated to the President, and your general views and proceedings have been approved by him. The three orders to which you refer, I shall briefly advert to.

It is the most earnest wish of the President, that the present unhappy difficulties in S. Carolina should be terminated without any forcible collision; and it is his determination, that if such collision occur, it shall not be justly imputable to the U. States. He is therefore desirous, that in all your proceedings, while you execute your duty firmly, you act with as much discretion and moderation as possible.—And this course he has never doubted you will adopt.

Self-defence is a right, belonging as much to military bodies as to individuals; and officers commanding separate forts are responsible, at all times for their defence, and are bound to use due precaution to prevent danger. If a body of armed men approach Sullivan's Island, with apparently hostile views it will be proper to pursue the course indicated by you to Colonel Bankhead. That is, to warn their commanding officer to retire, and to inform him of the course which you will be compelled to adopt, in the event of his continued approach. Should his warning be useless, and the armed body attempt to land, you will be justified in resisting the attempt. But before this unfortunate alternative is resorted to, I rely upon your patriotism and discretion, to endeavor, by all reasonable and peaceable means, to induce any such armed body to abandon thier enterprize. The subject is committed to you, in full conviction, that while you discharge your duty as an officer, you will be mindful of the great delicacy of the subject, and of the anxiety of the President to avoid, if possible, a resort to force. But whatever the first rights of self defence require, must be done, should a case occur involving such a question.

Your order to Col. Twiggs was right, in the event of his being compelled to abandon his post. But before the receipt of your letter, while we were here in much anxiety about the Arsenal at Augusta, and had not learned the prudent measures taken by you for its defence, Col. Twiggs was directed to defend himself, if attacked, to the last extremity. In such a case, your officer must reject all other considerations, and maintain his position as long as he has the means of resistance. It would certainly be better to destroy the arms and ammunition in the Arsenal, than they should fall into the hands of any assailants. But that is a result I do not suffer myself to anticipate, while so valuable an officer as Col. Twiggs is in command, and is supported by an adequate garrison.

The course you have directed respecting those officers, if any there may be who hesitate in their allegiance to their country in the hour of trial and peril, meets the entire approbation of the President. I flatter myself that none such will be found; but if there are, they should be immediately known, when their cases will become the subject of special consideration. When I received your letter respecting —— and ——, I directed Gen. Macomb to order Col. Bankhead to call upon all the officers, under him, who had not already done it to take the oath of allegiance, were omitted to be carried into effect. I have renewed the order. I will thank you to report any facts which may come to your knowledge, tending to show that, upon the geat question of duty, any officer has embraced views which would probably unfit him for the performance of any trust which might be reposed in him; and you are at liberty to order from South Carolina or its borders, any such officer.

It has been represented that the Marstello Tower, on Jane's Island, and the Fort at the mouth at Stone Inlet, might be important position for you to occupy. Please to examine those points, and take such measures on the subject as you may deem necessary.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

LEWIS CASS.

Maj. Gen. SCOTT. U. S. Army, New York.

## FOREIGN.

*New York, February* 20.

The arrival of the packet ship New York, Capt. Hoxie, puts us in possession of London papers to the 15th and Liverpool to the 16th ult.

By the King of Holland a new proposition has been submitted, but its contents have not transpired—the English papers express their doubts as to its being intended for any other purpose than to drag out another extended negociation.

From Portugal the accounts were that a heavy cannonading had taken place from the Miguelite batteries, which had destroyed many houses in Oporto. Two of his batteries, at the northern part of the harbor, had commenced a fire on the morning of the 8th, which had been returned occasionally from the castle of St. John de Foz.

Sartorius, with the fleet of Don Pedro, was still at Vigo, leaving the harbor of Oporto without a single cruizer of any kind.

About 200 men had quitted the naval service of Don Pedro, with Capt. Bingham, (second in command,) in consequence of a mutiny.

The latest news from Paris, which had been received by express, was of little moment, consisting of an uninteresting debate in the Chamber of Deputies, on the bill for the encouragement of departmental councils and of the movements of the King and royal family. Some inconsiderable riots had taken place at Clichy, in a contest for the Catholic Church, which was claimed by dissenters, who call themselves "French Catholics," the Roman Catholics having the government on their side had proved themselves victorious, driving their antagonists from the field, with some broken heads on both sides. According to accounts from Brest of the 8th, orders had been received to fit out three ships of the line with the utmost expedition. Nothing certain was known as to their destination, though it was conjectured to be for an expedition to Hayti.

The President's proclamation had reached England, and of course gave rise to much speculation; the tory papers exulting at our difficulties and prophecying a dissolution of the Union, while the opposite party insist upon it, all will be peaceably arranged, and disappoint the enemies of republican governments.

An awful conflagration had taken place in Liverpool on the 14th, in which 12,000 bales of cotton, and many stores and houses were destroyed; the loss is estimated at £150,000 sterling, on which there had prudently been an insurance effected of £120,000.

It is stated that Parliament will positively proceed to the public business immediately after the 20th of January, the day on which the writs are returnable.

The Times of the 15th quotes from the defence of the Bank of the United States, against the charges of the President and Secretary of the Treasury, which appeared in the National Gazette of December 10th. The defence is regarded as conclusive against the insinuations as to the solvency of the Bank.

The sales of cotton at Liverpool during the week ending the 15th of January, were 54,280 bales, at about the prices of the 8th. Pot and Pearl Ashes dull.

*Charleston, Feb.* 25.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.—The trotting match, two mile heats, over the Washington Race Course, took place on Saturday last. Three horses entered, viz: Mr. Wells' b. g. *Tam O'Shanter,* Mr. Goodrich's b. m. *Alciope,* and Mr. Tobins' b. g. *Souter Johnny.* The first heat was won by *Tam O'Shanter,* closely pressed by *Alciope*—time 6m. 5s. The second heat was taken by *Alciope* in 6m. 11s. and the third by *Tam O'Shanter*—time same as at the first heat.—*Souter Johnny* was left behind throughout the whole race.

*February* 26.—The sweepstake, two mile heats, over the Washington Course, entrance Five Hundred Dollars, took place yesterday. Two Horses only contended for the purse. Col. Spann's b. f. *Julia,* by Bertrand, and Col. Johnson's b. c. *Herr Cline* by Sir Archy; Col. Singleton's ch. f. by Crusades, having been withdrawn. *Julia* won the race with ease in two heats, *Herr Cline* having barely saved his distance in both cases. Time 2m. 10s.

A writer in the New York Standard says, that "a State of this Confederacy has no more right to secede from the Union, than a *stave* has to secede from a *cask.*"—Such is not the opinion of the South Carolina *Cooper!*

**TO RENT.**

THE dwelling HOUSE and LOT, on Dick Street late the property of Mr. H L. Jones; apply to

W. L. MILLER.

Fayetteville, March 5, 22-2w.

## CONGRESS.

IN THE SENATE—Feb. 23.

After attending the funeral of Mr. Lent, of the House of Representatives, at half past 1 o'clock, the Senate was called to order.

The CHAIR communicated a report from the Department of State, containing a statement of passengers and seamen who have arrived in passenger ships.

THE TARIFF.

On motion of Mr. Clay, the bill to modify the acts imposing duties on Imports, was taken up.

The question being on the motion of Mr. Smith, to amend the second section, some discussion took place, in which Mr. Wright, Mr. Foot, Mr. Clay, Mr. Forsyth, Mr. Buckner, Mr. Bell, Mr. Holmes, Mr. Smith Mr. Sprague, Mr. Chambers, Mr. Benton, Mr. Dickerson, Mr. Silsbee, Mr. Frelinghuysen, and Mr. Bibb took part.

Mr. SMITH having modified his motion so as to strike out the whole of the second section, (which goes to replace plains, kerseys, &c. where they stood before the act of July, 1832) the yeas and nays were ordered on that question.

Before the question was taken, Mr. Wilkins moved that the Senate do now adjourn.

Mr. CLAY asked for the yeas and nays, which were ordered, and are as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Benton, Buckner, Dallas, Dudley, Dickerson, Hill, Knight, Robinson, Seymour, Silsbee, Smith, Tipton, Webster, Wilkins—14.

NAYS.—Messrs. Bell, Bibb, Black, Chambers, Calhoun, Clay, Clayton, Ewing, Foot, Forsyth, Frelinghuysen, Grundy, Hendricks, Holmes, Johnston, Kane, King, Mangum, Miller, Moore, Naudain, Poindexter, Prentiss, Rives, Robbins, Sprague, Tomlinson, Troup, Tyler, White, Wright—31.

So the Senate refused to adjourn.

The question then recurred on the motion to strike out the second section. Some discussion took place between Mr. Webster, Mr. Clay, Mr. Chambers and Mr. Clayton, and the question was about to be taken; Mr. Chambers moved that the Senate do now adjourn. The yeas and nays being ordered, the question was taken and decided as follows:

YEAS.—Messrs. Benton, Buckner, Chambers, Dallas, Dickerson, Hendricks, Kane, Knight, Prentiss, Robinson, Seymour, Silsbee, Smith, Webster, Wilkins—15.

NAYS.—Messrs. Bell, Bibb, Black, Clay, Calhoun, Clayton, Ewing, Foot, Forsyth, Frelinghuysen, Grundy, Holmes, Johnston, King, Mangum, Miller, Moore, Naudain, Poindexter, Rives, Robbins, Sprague, Tipton, Tomlinson, Troup, Tyler, White, Wright—28.

After some remarks from Mr. Webster and Mr. Clay, the question was then taken on the motion to strike out the second section of the bill, and decided as follows:

YEAS.—Messrs. Benton, Buckner, Dallas, Dudley, Forsyth, Grundy, Kane, King, Robinson, Silsbee, Smith, Webster, White, Wright.—14.

NAYS.—Messrs. Bell, Bibb, Black, Calhoun, Clay, Clayton, Dickerson, Ewing, Foot, Frelinghuysen, Hendricks, Holmes, Johnston, Knight, Mangum, Miller, Moore, Naudain, Poindexter, Prentiss, Rives, Robbins, Seymour, Sprague, Tipton, Tomlinson, Troup, Tyler, Wilkins—27.

So the Senate refused to strike out the second section.

Mr. KANE then moved to amend the bill by adding a ninth section, which provided that nothing contained in this act should be construed to extend to the present duties on lead in pigs, bars, or sheets, leaden shot, red or white lead, dry or ground in oil, sugar of lead, &c. &c.

Mr. SMITH moved to amend the amendment by adding the words "bar iron and castings of iron, gunpowder, cannon, mortars, howitzers, cannon balls, shells for guns and howitzers," &c. Mr. S. said this proposition was to carry out the views of the Secretary of the Treasury in reference to the protection of munitious of war.

After a few words from Mr. CLAY in opposition to the last proposition, and in favor of it from Mr. SMITH and DICKERSON, the Yeas and Nays were ordered, and the question being taken; was decided as follows:

YEAS.—Messrs. Benton, Buckner, Clayton, Dallas, Dickerson, Dudley, Hendricks, Kane, Robinson, Smith, Tipton, Webster, Wilkins, Wright—14.

NAYS.—Messrs. Bell, Bibb, Black, Calhoun, Clay, Ewing, Foot, Forsyth, Grundy, Holmes, Johnston, King, Knight, Mangum, Miller, Moore, Naudain, Poindexter, Rives, Robbins, Seymour, Sprague, Tomlinson, Troup, White—25.

So the amendment to the amendment was negatived.

The question was then taken on the amendment proposed by Mr. KANE, the Yeas and Nays being ordered, and it was decided as follows:

YEAS.—Messrs. Benton, Buckner, Dickerson, Dudley, Hendricks, Kane, Robinson, Silsbee, Smith, Tipton, Wilkins, Wright—12.

NAYS.—Messrs. Bell, Bibb, Black, Calhoun, Clay, Clayton, Dallas, Ewing, Foot, Forsyth, Grundy, Holmes, Johnston, King, Knight, Mangum, Miller, Moore, Naudain, Poindexter, Rives, Robbins, Seymour, Sprague, Tomlinson, Troup, Tyler, Webster, White—29.

So the motion to amend was rejected.

Mr. FORSYTH then moved to strike out the 3d and 6th sections of the bill, which attempt to bind all future Congresses until the year 1842.

Mr. WEBSTER made one or two observations on the motion.

The Yeas and Nays were then ordered, and the question being taken, was decided as follows:

YEAS.—Messrs. Benton, Buckner, Dallas, Dudley, Dickerson, Forsyth, Kane, Knight, Robinson, Seymour, Silsbee, Smith, Webster.—13.

NAYS.—Messrs. Bell, Bibb, Black, Calhoun, Clayton, Ewing, Foot, Grundy, Holmes, Johnston, King, Mangum, Miller, Moore, Naudain, Poindexter, Prentiss, Rives, Robbins, Sprague, Tipton, Tomlinson, Troup, Tyler, White, Wilkins, Wright.—28.

So the motion was rejected.

Mr. BENTON then moved to amend the Bill by adding a new section, the object of which was to make a reduction of the drawbacks allowed on the exportation of articles manufactured in the United States from Foreign materials subject to duty, in the same proportion as the reduction made in the duties by this bill.

The Yeas and Nays were ordered on this motion.

After a few words from Mr. Ben[ton], Calhoun, Mr. Smith, Mr. Poinde[xter], Foot, and Mr. Miller,

The question was taken and de[cided] as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Benton, Buckner, Dallas, Dickerson, Dudley, Forsyth, Kane, King, Rives, Robinson, Seymour, Webster, White, Wilkins, Wright—20.

NAYS—Messrs. Bell, Bibb, Black, Ewing, Foot, Grundy, Hendricks, Knight, Mangum, Miller, Moore, Naudain, Poindexter, Prentiss, Robbins, Silsbee, Smith, Tipton, Troup, Tyler.—24.

So the amendment was rejected.

Mr. WRIGHT then moved to amend the Bill by adding a section to restore the duties on coarse wool to the rates established by the bill of 1828.

On this question the Yeas and Nays were ordered, and after an explanation by Mr. Wright, that his object was merely to restore coarse wool as it was placed in 1828, in consequence of the adoption by this bill of a duty of 5 per cent. on coarse wool, the question was decided as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Dudley, Hendricks, Kane, Silsbee, Tipton, Webster, Wright.—7.

NAYS—Messrs. Bell, Bibb, Black, Calhoun, Clay, Clayton, Dallas, Dickerson, Ewing, Foot, Forsyth, Grundy, Holmes, Johnston, King, Knight, Mangum, Miller, Moore, Naudain, Poindexter, Prentiss, Rives, Robbins, Seymour, Sprague, Tomlinson, Troup, Tyler, White, Wilkins—32.

So the motion was negatived.

Mr. SILSBEE moved to strike out the words "coming from this side of the Cape of Good Hope," in reference to the valuation made in the places from which they are imported.

The motion was negatived without a division.

The Bill was then reported as amended.

Mr. Dallas then moved to amend the amendment made as in Committee of the Whole in the third section; by striking out the words which suggest the point to which the duties shall be ultimately reduced, to be "the revenue necessary to an economical administration of the Government."

A discussion took place on this motion in which it was contended by Mr. Dallas, Mr. Dickerson, and Mr. Webster, that these words, although not intended, might be construed by Southern gentlemen, in the year 1842, as an assignment of the protective principle, as a design on the part of those who had passed this bill, to make revenue alone the standard of all future duties on imports.

Mr. Clayton and Mr. Clay regretted the use of language as authorizing no such construction and denied that any one would be justified in inferring that there was to be an abandonment of the system of protection, which was insisted by Mr. Clayton that the Legislature could not be kept together for concert in our policy, and declared that he would pause before he surrendered that principle of protection were to be used even to save the Union.

Mr. FORSYTH regarded the discussion as an absurdity, on which an argument for or against protection might be founded, but as it was the only absurdity which was agreeable to him, among the many absurdities contained in the bill, he would vote for it.

Mr. HOLMES said a few words to the Senate to good humor, quoting a Scottish ballad:

Let dogs delight to bark and bite,
For God has made them so;
Let bears and tigers growl and fight,
For'tis their nature, too.
But bretheren you should never fight
Such angry passions rise,
Your pretty hands were never made
To tear each others' eyes.

The question was taken, the Yeas and Nays being ordered, and decided as follows:

YEAS.—Messrs. Benton, Dallas, Dudley, Dickerson, Knight, Prentiss, Robbins Seymour, Silsbee, Tipton, Tomlinson, Webser, White, Wilkins, Wright—14.

NAYS.—Messrs. Bell, Bibb, Black, Calhoun, Clay, Clayton, Ewing, Foot, Forsyth, Grundy, Holmes, Johnston, King, Mangum, Miller, Moore, Naudain, Poindexter, Rives, Troup, Tyler—22.

So the amendment was rejected.

The amendment made in Committee of the Whole inserting "steel," among the free articles was not concurred in.

The other amendments were concurred in.

Mr. WEBSTER then stated his intention to oppose the bill, on its general principles; but if the Senate would take the question on the engrossment without the Yeas and Nays, he would postpone the remarks he had to urge until the question should be brought up on its final passage.

The question was then put, and the bill was engrossed.

On motion of Mr. Clay, the bill, as engrossed, was ordered to be printed, and 500 copies were ordered.

Mr. CALHOUN then said, that the whole of Monday would probably be occupied in this debate, he would postpone the consideration of his resolutions, which stand as the Special order for Monday, to Tuesday.

At 9 o'clock the Senate adjourned.

February 26.

At 6 o'clock the Senate re-assembled in session, and resumed the consideration of the Tariff Bill; when after a few words from Messrs. Smith, Bell, Dickerson, Moncess, Grundy and Sprague,

Mr. CLAY rose, and said that as it was understood that a similar bill had been ordered to be engrossed for a third reading in the other House, he would move that the Senate now adjourn.

The Senate then adjourned.

February 27.

THE TARIFF.

The bill from the House to modify the acts of the 14th of July, and other acts imposing duties on Imports, was read a first time and ordered to a second reading.

The bill of the Senate on the same subject was then laid on the table.

The Senate adjourned.

E OF REPRESENTATIVES.

*February* 23.

ouse of Representatives, after at-
he funeral of the deceased member,
T, the House pursuant to adjourn-
embled at 2 o'clock, but no quo-
aring, a motion for adjournment
and
se adjouned.

February 26.

tmough, from the Committee on
irs, made a report on the petition
gs, on behalf of himself and other
he Marine Corps, accompanied by
ng certain allowances, and grant-
arrearages to the captains and
of the U. S. Corps of Marines;
was twice read and committed.

gan moved to refer the Report of
Committee, in regard to alleged
the Navy, together with the ac-
g papers, to the Secretary of the

tmough made a spirited opposi-
motion, and in vindication of the
he Navy, concluded by moving
ubject upon the table.

notion was agreed to.

olution yesterday offered by Mr.
n (Chairman of the District Com-
a recess from 4 to 6 o'clock, and
e up business respecting the Dis-
lumbia, came up in course.

mbreleng suggested that it would
have a similar recess every day,
of the session.

is, of Massachusetts moved to
f the resolution the clause refer-
District, so as to retain the pro-
a recess, but not devote it to the
roposed.

k supported this motion, on the
the greater importance of other
the nation, which were still sus-

ashington opposed the amendment,
nded the yeas and nays upon it; but
refused to order them.

avis further insisted on his amend-
h was opposed earnestly by Mr.

ight moved the *previous question*
g seconded, put, and carried; the
tion was immediately put, and the
adopted.

olution reported by a Select Com-
directing the Printing of Three
Copies of the Journals of the
epresentatives, for the use of the
e distributed by the Clerk, one
of the Members of the present
nd the residue to the People of
States and Territories, &c. as
atures thereof shall direct—came
sideration.

olution was explained and advo-
he mover, (Mr. Arnold,) and op-
Messrs. Polk, Beardsley, and Con-
st of whom moved to lay the reso-
he table: but, before the vote was
hat subject, the hour expired, and
proceeded to the Orders of the

THE TARIFF BILL,

ended, by inserting the whole bill
lay, in the shape in which it has
ered to a third reading in the Sen-
read a third time, and the question
its passage—

ntington, after a few remarks on
mportance of this question, moved
e House.

e was called accordingly.

d that 201 members were pre-

es moved to suspend further pro-
the call but the motion failed—
oes 78.

rs were then closed, and the ex-
bsentees received. Proceedings
suspended, and the doors of the
opened.

es remonstrated very warmly a-
passage of the bill; and in the
remarks adverted with some se-
agency of Mr. Clay, in origi-
measure.

nifer replied with warmth to this
speech, and vindicated the purity
y's motives and purposes.

ster said his constitutional objec-
e bill had been removed by a clo-
ation of its provisions. Still he
e the bill, but was willing to take
eriment.

y delivered at considerable length
hat would induce him to vote a-
ll.

el replied to the remarks of Mr.
respect to Mr. Clay, and vindi-
eneral objects of the bill. He de-
*Previous Question;* but withdrew
at the request of
ges, who briefly, but very severe-

herland then made a highly ani-
ech in opposition to the bill.

rson demanded the Previous Ques-
he motion failed, only 65 rising to

es, of Maine, then gave the rea-
e should vote for the bill; and
lleton stated the grounds upon
ould vote against it.

Duffie, though not believing the
d to make to the South all the
to which they were justly enti-
believed, such as it was, it would
to the country, and therefore
for it.

ight moved the Previous Ques-
mediately withdrew the motion.
ntington asked for the Yeas and
e passage of the bill, which were

tes, of Mass. made his protest a-
bill, as a total surrender of the
of protection.

Villiams now moved for the Previ-
ion.

otion was seconded—Ayes 92, Noes

Mr. Dickson called for the Yeas and Nays on the Previous Question, and they were ordered by the House.

The Previous Question was then put as follows:

Shall the Main Question be now put?

The Yeas and Nays being taken, stood—Yeas 108, Nays 85.

The Main Question, viz: Shall this Bill pass? was then put, and decided by Yeas and Nays, as follows:

YEAS.—Messrs. Adair, Alexander, Chilton Allan, Robert Allen, Anderson, Angel, Archer, Armstrong, Arnold, J. S. Barbour, Barnwell, *Barringer*, Jas. Bates, Bell, Bergen, *Bethune*, Jas. Blair, John Blair, Boon, Bouck, Bouldin, *Branch*, John Brodhead, Bullard, Cambreleng, Carr, *Carson*, Chinn, Claiborne, Clay, Clayton, Coke, *Conner*, Corwin, Coulter, Craig, Creighton, Daniel, Davenport, W. R. Davis, Doubleday, Drayton, Draper, Duncan, Felder, Findlay, Fitzgerald, Foster, Gaither, Gilmore, Gordon, Griffin, *Thomas Hall*, Wm. Hall, Harper, Hawes, *Hawkins*, Hoffman, Holland, Horn, Howard, Hubbard, Irvin, Isacks, Jarvis, Jenifer, R M. Johnson, Cave Johnson, J. Johnson, avanagh, Kerr, Lamar, Lansing, Lecompte, Letcher, Lewis, Lyon, Mardis, Mason, Marshall, Maxwell, Wm. McCoy, McDuffie, McIntire, *McKay*, Mitchell, Newnan, Newton, Nuckolls, Patton, Plummer, Polk, *Rencher*, Roane, Root, Semmes, Sewall, *Wm B. Sheppard, A H Shepperd*, Smith, *Speight*, Spence, Stanbery, Standifer, Fras. Thomas, Philemon Thomas, Wiley Thompson, John Thomson, Tomkins, Verplanck, Ward, Washington, Wayne, Weeks, Elisha Whittlesey, Camp. P. White, Edward D. White, Wickliffe, *Williams*, Worthington—118.

NAYS—Messrs. Adams, Heman Allen, Allison, Appleton, Ashley, Babcock, Banks, N. Barber, Barstow, Isaac C. Bates, Beardsley, Briggs, John C. Brodhead, Bucher, Burd, Burges, Cahoon, Chandler, Choate, Collier, Lewis Condict, Silas Condict, E. Cooke, Bates Cooke, Cooper, Crane, Crawford, John Davis, Dayan, Dearborn, Denny, Dewart, Dickson, Ellsworth, Geo. Evans, Joshua Evans, E. Everett, G. Everett, Ford, Grennell, H. Hall, Heister, Hodges, Hogan, Hughes, Huntington, Ihrie, Ingersoll, Kendall, Kennon, A. King, John King, Henry King, Leavitt, Mann, McCarty, Robert McCoy, McKennan, Mercer, Milligan, Muhlenburg, Nelson, Pearce, Pendleton, Pierson, Pitcher, Potts, Randolph, John Reed, E. C. Reed, Russel, Slade, Southard, Stephens, Storrs, Sutherland, Taylor, Vinton, Wardwell, Watmough, Wilkin, Wheeler, Fred. Whittlesey, Young—85.

So the bill was passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

REVENUE COLLECTION BILL.

The House having at length arrived at the bill further to provide for the collection of duties on Imports—

Mr. WILLIAMS moved to postpone the bill until to-morrow.

Mr. IRVIN demanded the yeas and nays on the motion. They were taken, and stood as follows: yeas 81, nays 105.

So the House refused to postpone the bill.

Mr. DANIEL now moved to lay the bill on the table, and demanded the yeas and nays on that motion. They were ordered by the House. He, however, consented to withdraw the motion at the request of Mr. Arnold, who promised to renew the same motion.

Mr. ARNOLD then said he should change his course in relation to this bill, in consequence of the House having passed the bill reducing the Tariff. Mr. A. was going into some remarks on the mockery of passing such a bill now, when he was called to order by the Chair. After trying several motions, with the view of having it in order to proceed in his remarks, Mr. A. relinquished his design, and, according to promise, moved to lay the bill on the table.

The Yeas and Nays were demanded on this motion, and being taken, they stood as follow: Yeas 58, Nays 132.

So the House refused to lay the bill on the table.

Mr. MARDIS move that the House now take a recess until 6 o'clock, and demanded the Yeas and Nays, but withdrew his motion; when

Mr. DEARBORN moved the Previous Question on the bill.

The Chair was ascertaining whether the motion was seconded, when

Mr. McDUFFIE rose and asked leave to address an appeal to the House.

The Speaker was proceeding in the count, when

Mr. McDUFFIE insisted on being heard.

Great confusion arose: but amidst cries of "order" and "count," Mr. McD's voice was heard, saying that all he asked was fair discussion. If gentlemen were disposed to hear the opponents of the bill, he was ready to meet them: but if not, and if he could get forty men to stand by him, he would continue to move adjournments and call for the yeas and nays until the end of the session.

Mr. CARSON exclaimed "I will support you, sir."—Several other voices cried in a similar manner.

The Speaker called to order.

Mr. BELL rose and began to speak, but his words were inaudible from the noise.

Mr. McDUFFIE moved repeatedly to adjourn.

The Speaker called him to order, and admonished him that a member was on the floor.

As soon as the reporter could hear any thing distinctly,

Mr. BELL was saying, that he had no wish to cut off discussion, if that was what the opponents of the bill desired; and if they were ready to discuss its merits, and not to put it by, he should not sustain the motion for the previous question.

Mr. McDUFFIE, moved that the House adjourn.

The Chair decided the motion to be out of order, the House having previously resolved, that it would at a certain hour take a recess and meet at 6 o'clock.

Mr. WAYNE believed the bill to be right in itself—but yet, circumstances might be such, as to induce those who thought so to vote against it.

Mr. W. said he should vote for the bill; but if his friends, by cutting off debate, should refuse to him and others, the opportunity of expressing their sentiments, and vindicating their own course before the People, he should vote against it; and there were twenty more that would do the same.

Mr. BELL made some remark not heard by the reporter, which led to an explanation between him and Mr. Wayne—who concluded by moving a recess until 6 o'clock.

A desultory debate on the question of order now arose, on an appeal taken by Mr. Carson, on the Speaker's decision, that a motion to adjourn was out of order, which ended in Mr. Caason's withdrawing his appeal.

Mr. DEARBORN explained his reasons for having moved the previous question—which was not to prevent fair discussion, but to prevent a circumventive course, calculated to get rid of, or defeat the bill.

Mr. Daniel and Mr. Deaborn had some further, rather colloquial discussion; when the House adjourned.


# OBSERVER.

## FAYETTEVILLE:

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 5, 1833.


We are disappointed in not receiving either Mr. Calhoun's or Mr. Webster's speech on the bill to "provide further for the collection of the duties on imports."

We intend publishing these speeches entire, in the order in which they were delivered, for the benefit of our country readers.—We presume they will embrace the substance of all that has or can be said for or against the doctrine of Nullification and Secession. We are aware that our country readers are desirous of obtaining some information on this new doctrine and all-engaging topic.

We have received no papers from Washington by the two last Mails, consequently cannot inform our readers of the fate of the Tariff Bill in the Senate, nor of the enforcing Bill in the lower House.

By one of those extraordinary currents which are to be met with in legislation as well as navigation, the TARIFF question took a sudden direction in the House of Representatives on Monday night entirely different from that which it has been travelling for the last six weeks; and *the bill of* Mr. CLAY, as it had passed to a third reading in the Senate, and was at the time under debate in that body, was adopted as an *amendment to Mr.* VERPLANKS' *bill*; and the bill of the Committee of Ways and Means, (thus swallowed up in its amendment, yesterday finally passed the House of Representatives by a majority of thirty-four votes, and was sent to the Senate for concurrence.

The Senate, finding the House acting thus rapidly, suspended proceedings on its own bill, on Monday night, to await the reception of the bill from the House, which, from its having originated in that body, would be free at least from the objection to Mr. CLAY,s bill in the Senate on the source of constitutionality, however small the force of that objection might be considered. The bill of the House was received by the Senate yesterday, before its adjournment, and read a first time. It will of course undoubtedly pass that body, in form, as it has already done in fact.

Our readers may therefore be morally assured that the bill of Mr. CLAY, will become the law of the land, so, far as depends upon the two Houses of Congress. Thus ends a much vexed and trying question, if it shall so end.—*Nat. Int. of the 27th.*

*From the N. Intelligencer, of February* 26.

Both Houses of Congress, it will be seen, were yesterday engaged on business of great importance. The prolonged sessions of the two branches, together with the present early departure of the mails, precluded the possibility of reports of debates in the papers of the following morning. Short sketches only are attempted, as is done to-day, which will not prevent fuller reports, whenever it is pesible te write them.

The same causes have prvented, hitherto, the publication of the speeches of Mr. Rives, Mr. Calhoun, and Mr. Webster, in the great Debate. The friends of these gentlemen were so desirous to have perfect reports of those speeches, that we have been obliged to defer the publication of them untill they could undergo revision, which has not yet been practicable, owing to the constantly laborious sittings of the Senate.

Samuel. L. Southard. (late Secretary of the Navy,) now Governor of the State of New Jersey, was, on Saturday last, elected a Senator of the United States from that State, for six yeaas, to succeed Mr. Dickerson, whose term of service will expire with the third day of next month.

The editor of the Alexandria Gazette thus speaks of Mr. Calhoun's speech on the Enforcing Bill.

"We had the gratification of listening to Mr. Calhoun's speech on Friday. It was impossible to look unmoved upon the orator. The deep tones of his voice—the energy of his action—the fire of his eye—and the expression of his countenance, all told how deep and soul-felt were his convictions. His denunciations of the bill were bold and haughty. He denounced it in the strongest language and in the strongest manner. He declared that it was "an effort to legalize murder"—to "enforce robbery by massacre." While the "burning words and breathing thoughts" were pouring from him, the restlessness of his person showed how much his mind was agitated. As he involuntarily walked to and fro, we thought of the chafed lion, surrounded by the hunters, exhibiting his power to the last. He spoke without turning to a note or a reference, and with an uninterrupted animation, and concluded only when he had become too dizzy to proceed."

*Gold.*—The Charlotte Journal states that a mine has lately been opened by Capt. John Penman, 22 miles east of Charlotte, the ore of which is very good, and appears to be inexhaustible. He grinds about 6 bushels per day in the Chilian Mill, which yields about $10 per bushel. He will soon have a set of the Tyrolese Mills in operation, and calculates that the ore will then yield 17 dwts. pure gold per bushel.

The same paper says, that on the 24th ult. Mr. Phifer, living 18 miles east from Charlotte, with the assistance of two of his sons, obtained from the ore 1200 dwts. of pure gold—the ore being so rich as to yield about 25 dwts. to the quart.

*Shocking.*—At a late hour on Monday night, the attention of one of our citizens was attracted by cries of distress which proceeded from an adjacent building. On reaching the premises, he discovered a woman enveloped in flames, the fire having communicated to her clothes whilst she lay in a state of drunken insensibility. By extraordinary exertions the devouring element was extinguished, but the wretched sufferer was so shockingly burnt that she expired on the following day.—*Newb. Sentinel.*

A man by the name of James Hazard, of Jones County, whilst engaged in an affray a few days since with James R. Conner, of Trenton, received wounds, of which, it is stated, he died on Tuesday last.

*Newbern Sentinel.*

*Extract of a letter from Liverpool, dated 15th January.*

"The great extent of the sales in Cotton for the past week, amounting to 34-300 bales, which with the exception of 2000 on speculation, were all taken by the trade, produced at the commencement of the week an improvement in prices. Importers met the demand freely, and notwithstanding this extent of business, the small advance of 1-8d. obtained early in the week, was at the close entirely lost, and with it an increased desire to sell, and such has continued to be the case up to this date."

OPINION IN EUROPE.

The London Globe, in publishing President Jackson's Message on the opening of of the session of Congress, says—"We are of the opinion, in spite of the male and female Trollopes, that that is a great and singular nation, which, beyond the Atlantic, is marching with such rapid strides in the career of civilization and liberty."

The *Paris National*, of the 5th, after referring to the fears that previous to the Election had been expressed from Gen. Jackson's violence of temper, &c. thus comments on the same Message, and the course of policy of the President:—"For four years, he, (General Jackson) has evinced the excellent good sense, and the sound equity which all his predecessors, from Washington down, have, without exception, exhibited in the same station. The man disappears, as it were, in the office; or rather, that Presidency, renewable every four years, and which our vices reproach as unstable, does more than guarantee to the American Union the government for life of a King, however long that life; it guarantees the government of one and the same spirit—of the same uniform purpose—of a single and unchangeable principle of the public welfare—of an unvarying and supreme morality, transmitted from one President to another, not by the hazardous caprice of the hereditary principle, but by the well weighed force of the double principle of *election* and *responsibility*. A fancy politician of the *juste milieu* school recently said to an American, 'Why, your Presidents are all alike; there is no transcendant talent among them;—one would think it was always the same person re-elected under a different name.' 'That,' said the American, 'is just what we want; we want in every case to see the principle and not the man; and so long as, in our Chief Magistracy, we shall find the man disappearing in the principle, which is an excellent one, so long we shall be *best* governed; that is, the *least* governed people in the world.'"

*The Beauty of virtue.*—The following fine reflection is to be found in the Life of Lord Herbert, of Cherburg.

"Every body loves the virtuous, whereas the vicious do scarce love one another."—Upon the same subject an Arabian happily observed, that he learned virtue from the bad, for their wickedness inspired him with a distaste to vice.

MARRIED,

In Anson County, on Tuesday night the 19th inst. by A. J. Howell Esq. JOHN H. LILES Jr. to Miss FRANCES ADCOCK both of that County.

On Thursday evening the 21st ult. in this County, by the Rev. Mr. Rowland, Mr. JAMES DODD to Miss ELIZA M. EVANS both of this place.

## COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVED, March 2d, Steamer Henrietta and tow boats, Clarendon and Messenger, with Dry Goods, Hardware, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, and sack Salt, for J. Huske & Son, C. T. Haigh, Geo. McNeill, J. R. McCormick, Hall & Johnson, W. S. Latta, T. Sandford & Co., J. M. Strong, W. L. Hawley, Willkings & Co., Joseph Baker, C. P. Mallett, J. Martine, D. Shaw, B. Beach, Geo. McDonald and others.

## Port of Wilmington.

*Arrived up to February 27.*

Brigs Pandore from Havana, Henrietta from St Vincents. Schooners Premier from N. York, Brisk from St. Nevis.


## To Carpenters and Masons.

PERSONS willing to contract for building a Meeting House, for the Methodist Episcopal Church in this town, 45 by 68, and to furnish materials, either of brick or wood, will apply immediately to the Subscribers.

JOHN H. HALL, } *Building*
THOS. C. BLAKE, } *Committee.*

*Fayetteville, March 5.* 22-3w.

## Notice.

THE undersigned having sold his Stock of Goods to Mr. Wm. D. Clark, together with the remainder of the term of rent for his stand, those having claims against the undersigned will please present them for settlement, and those indebted to him will be good enough to call and settle the same. He will be found, during business hours, at the Counting Room of Mr. Clark.

A W. HORTON.

*Fayetteville, February* 25, 1833. 22tf.

## *Communication.*

FOR THE OBSERVER.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.

One of the largest and most interesting Temperance meetings ever witnessed in this place, was held on the evening of the 26th ult., at the Methodist Episcopal Church.

DAVID ANDERSON, Esq., President of the Society, took the Chair, and

D. A. DAVIS, Esq., Secretary of the Society, was also in his place.

The meeting was opened by singing an appropriate Hymn and Prayer from the Rev'd WM. CROOK.

The Secretary then read the "*Pledge*" and made some remarks, showing that Cumberland County is annually taxed nearly, or quite $2,000, in consequence of intemperance.

Mr. Jones Fuller, Rev'd Colin McIver, Rev'd John H. Pearce, Rev'd Wm. Crook. Hon. Henry Potter, and Mr. Williamson Whitehead, severally addressed the meeting in a pertinent and forcible manner.

Col. Charles McAlister, also, addressed the meeting, recommending the circulation of the "*Temperance Recorder*," a monthly paper published at Albany, New York.

After which a Gentleman (not a member of the Temperance Society,) proposed to the meeting to become one of twelve persons who would contribute $25, to procure 100 copies of this periodical for one year, for circulation. This proposition was promptly met by twenty-five persons, who agreed to subscribe for two hundred copies.

Messrs. James Millar, Jona. Evans, Jun. Charles McAlister, J. H. Hooper, Samuel T. Hawley, and Jones Fuller were added to the Executive Committee.

Forty-eight names were added to the Constitution. At a Temperance meeting held at the Presbyterian Church, about ten days since, when Mr. Yale, agent of the American Temperance Society, addressed the audience in a very able and interesting style, 40 names were added to the Constitution.

Whole number in Society 350.

STATISTICAL INFORMATION,

*Read by Rev. Colin McIver, at this meeting, chiefly from the Fifth Report of the American Temperance Society:*

There are 21 State Temperance Societies already formed.

There are more than 4000 Temperance Societies in the U. States.

There are more than 500,000 persons pledged to total abstinence from ardent spirits, and 1,500,000 who practice it.

There are more than 600 vessels sailing out of our ports without ardent spirits, for use among the crews.

More than 1,500 distilleries have been stopped.

Two hundred public houses have discontinued selling any kind of intoxicating liquor.

More than 4,000 merchants have given up the traffic in ardent spirits.

More than 4,500 drunkards have reformed.

There were in the United States 375,000 regular drunkards in 1828.

There were 15,000 persons excommunicated annually from the 12,000 Churches in the U. States, for intemperance, and its kindred vices.

There were in our cities and large towns, about one grog shop in every twelve families.

There are about 500 murders committed yearly in the U. States, that proceed directly from *intemperance.*

FAYETTEVILLE, March 4, 1833.

## Newbern Bank Stock
## FOR SALE.

ON MONDAY the first day of April next, I shall offer for sale at Public Auction, at the Office of the Bank of Newbern, in Raleigh, TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY-ONE SHARES of the Capital Stock of the Bank of Newbern, *upon a credit of six months*

The sale will be made under a resolution of the Board of Trustees of the University of North Carolina, for the purpose of discharging the Bank debts of the Institution; and will certainly take place without reserve.

CHARLES MANLY,
*Treasurer University of N C.*

Raleigh, March 1, 1833.

## NEW STORE—NEW GOODS,
### *Cheap for Cash.*

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform his frends and the public generally, that he has taken that old and well known Stand lately occupied by Mr. H L. Jones, at the corner of Market Square and Gillespie street, where may be found at all times, a general and well selected Stock of

## Boots and Shoes,

Fresh and direct from the Manufactories, consisting of Ladies' and Gentlemen's, Boys', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes of all kinds, selected particularly for the town trade, where Ladies and Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. Country Merchants would also do well to call and examine before purchasing, as my Stock is all fresh and good, and prices much reduced. By strict attention to business, he hopes to merit a share of public patronage. My Stock consists in part, of the following viz.

Ladies fine prunella and seal skin Slips, seal skin Bootees, Morocco Bootees and walking Shoes, Misses' seal skin Bootees and Shoes.
Men's stout pegged Brogans,
Ditto ditto sewed ditto.
Ditto ditto ditto Shoes,
Ditto ditto pegged ditto,
Ditto fine calf sewed ditto,
Ditto ditto do do Shoetees,
Ditto fine calf sewed Boots,
Ditto ditto nailed ditto,
Ditto stout pegged ditto,
HATS—Men's and boys fine and wool Hats,
ALSO, an assortment of traveling Trunks & Bags,
FISH—A few boxes prime Cod Fish,
SOAP—50 boxes No. 1 bar Soap, a prime article,
A few boxes perfumed shaving ditto,
CARDS—Whittemore's No. 10 cotton Cards, and No. 6 wool,
ALSO, writing and letter Paper.

L. R. BRADLEY.

*Fayetteville, March* 4. 22tf.

## WM. D. CLARK,

LATE from Virginia, having purchased the entire Stock of GOODS of Mr. A W. Horton, will continue to transact a Dry Goods and Grocery Business, at the same stand, and flatters himself with the hope of having it in his power to give entire satisfaction to those who may favor him with their custom. In a short time he will receive a general supply of the various descriptions of Goods in the above line. He will also purchase and barter for all kinds of Country Produce, &c.

Mr. A. W Horton will attend to and transact my business during my absence.

WM. D. CLARK.

*Fayetteville, February* 25. 22tf.

## Mackerel.

30 Bbls. No. 2 and 3 late fall caught Mackerel, for sale by

AMOS KIMBALL.

*March* 5. 22tf.

## The Subscribers

OFFER for sale on the most favorable terms, at No. 250, *Water Street, New York*, the following assortment of GOODS:

4000 Casks cut NAILS, assorted, from 2d to 6d.
500 casks cut Brads, assorted, from 6d. to 20d.
200 do do Spikes, do do 3 to 6 inch.
100 bags fine English wrought Nails, assorted.
300 tons eastern hollow Ware, made from Scotch patterns, and comprising a beautiful assortment for the *SOUTHERN MARKETS.*
200 setts "Squire's" superior Cart and Wagon Boxes,
200 boxes cut Tacks, assorted,
150 do do Brads, do
100 do do Sparables, do
500 doz. back strap Shovels and Spades of different kinds,
500 do cast steel Axes, of different makes, patterns and prices,
100 do Coffee Mills—together with Plough **Moulds, Nail Rods, Hoop Iron, Sheet Iron, Sad Irons,** &c. &c.

TISDALE & RICHMOND,
*Manufacturer's Agents.*

New York, Feb. 15. 22 6w.

## Pocket Book Lost.

LOST between 12 o'clock on Wednesday and 9 o'clock on Thursday, in this town, a red Morocco POCKET BOOK, containing $45 in cash, in Cape Fear Bank Notes—the marks of the Notes are not recollected. There was three promissory notes in the Pocket Book, viz: one on Dillon Jordan, Sen., agent for Thomas Jordan, for $87, and some cents, with two or three credits—one on Jubal E. Alday of Stokes County, for $32, no credit—one on George Brindle for $8, no credit, together with other papers not recollected. All persons are forewarned from trading for said Notes.

A reward of $10 will be given for the Pocket Book and contents, if delivered to

GEORGE W. MONROE.

*Fayetteville, March* 5, 1833 22tf.

## PUBLIC HOUSE.
## REMOVAL.

JAMES CARNEY returns his sincere acknowledgments to the Public for the very liberal encouragement he has heretofore received, and respectfully informs them that he has taken that large and commodious *Brick Building*, the property of John Devereux, Esq., next door to the building formerly occupied by the Bank of Newbern, on South Front Street; where he is prepared to accommodate Boarders by the month or day. His Table shall at all times be furnished with the best the market affords, and he pledges himself that every exertion shall be used to merit the approbation of those who may think proper to patronize him. In the event of a Steamboat Line being established between this place and Norfolk, which is contemplated, this building, from its size and situation, will be found to be the most eligible for a Hotel, in this town. There is an excellent wharf convenient to the premises, & the rooms are large, comfortable, and well finished. Travellers are assured that their horses will be well fed and carefully attended to.

*Newbern, (N. C.) March* 1, 1833. 22 3w


## Wholesale Prices Current.

| MERCHANDIZE. | Quantity rated. | From D C | To D. C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Beef, Fresh in Market, | lb. | | 5½ |
| Brandy, Cogniac, 4th prf | gallon | 1 75 | 2 |
| Peach | do | 50 | |
| Apple | do | 40 | 45 |
| Bacon | lb | 7 | 7½ |
| Beeswax | do | 18 | |
| Bagging | yard | 13½ | 17 |
| Coffee, prime green | lb | 15 | 16 |
| 2d and 3d quality | do | 12½ | 14 |
| Candles, mould | do | 15 | 17½ |
| Cotton, new | 100lbs | 8 | 0 |
| Corn, | bushel | 55 | 60 |
| Copperas | 100lbs. | 4 | 4 50 |
| Flax | lb | 15 | 18 |
| Flaxseed, rough | bushel | 1 50 | 1 60 |
| Flour, superfine | barrel | 4 75 | |
| Fine | do | 4 50 | 4 75 |
| Fish, Herrings (none) | do | | 4 25 |
| Mackerel, No 3, | do | 4 | 4 25 |
| Mullet, | do | | 4 25 |
| Feathers | lb | 32 | 35 |
| Gin, Holland | gallon | 1 25 | 1 50 |
| Country | do | | 50 |
| Ginger | lb | 15 | |
| Glass, American 8x10 | 50 feet | 3 25 | |
| 10x12 | do | 3 50 | |
| Hides, green | lb | 4 | |
| Ditto. dry | do | 10 | |
| Iron | 100lb | 4 50 | 5 |
| Indigo, Bengal & Flotant | lb | 1 50 | 1 75 |
| Lime | cask | 3 | 2 50 |
| Lard | lb | | 10 |
| Leather, Skirting | do | 36 | 40 |
| Sole | do | 25 | 28 |
| Bridle | side | 2 50 | 3 50 |
| Lead, Bar | lb | 7 | 8 |
| Logwood | 100lb | 3 | |
| Molasses | gallon | 32 | 35 |
| Nails, Cut, assorted | lb | 6½ | 6½ |
| Wrought | do | 18 | 20 |
| Shingles | 1000 | 1 50 | 2 |
| Oats | bushel | 35 | 37 |
| Oil, Currier's | barrel | 16 | 18 |
| Linseed | gallon | 90 | 95 |
| Pork | barrel | 13 | |
| Plaster, Paris | ton | 7 50 | |
| Powder, Dupont's | keg | 6 75 | 7 |
| Paints, White Lead | do | 3 | 3 50 |
| Spanish Brown | do | 2 | 2 80 |
| Yellow Ochre | do | 2 50 | |
| Rum, Jamaica | gallon | 1 40 | 1 75 |
| W. I. | do | 70 | 80 |
| New England | do | 45 | 50 |
| Rice | 100lb | 4 | 4½ |
| Rags | lb | 2½ | 3½ |
| Shot | bag | 2 | 2 25 |
| Sugar, Muscovado prime | 100lb | 9 50 | 10 |
| Common | do | 8 | 8 50 |
| Loaf and Lump | lb | 16 | 18 |
| Salt, Liverpool | bushel | 70 | 75 |
| Turk's Island, &c. | do | 70 | 75 |
| Salts, Epsom | lb | 8 | 10 |
| Glauber | do | 5 | |
| Steel, American | do | 8 | 9 |
| E. Blistered | do | 16 | 19 |
| German | do | 14 | 17 |
| Saltpetre | do | 15 | 18 |
| Tallow | do | 9 | 10 |
| Tea, Imp. & Gunpowder | do | 1 75 | 2 |
| Hyson | do | 1 12 | 1 25 |
| Tobacco, Leaf | 100lb | 3 25 | 3 50 |
| Manufactured | do | 5 | 20 |
| Tin, ½ x | box | 12 | 12 50 |
| Wheat | bushel | 85 | 90 |
| Whiskey | gallon | 35 | 37½ |
| Wines, Madeira, L. P. | do | 2 50 | 4 |
| Sicily Madeira | do | 1 25 | 1 50 |
| Teneriffe | do | 1 50 | 1 75 |
| Malaga | do | 70 | 80 |

*Supreme Court.*—Joshua G. Wright, of New Hanover county, George Little of Warren, and Isaac Dockery, of Richmond, have been admitted to Superior Court practice.

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*Extract of a letter to the Editor of the American Sentinel, dated Washington Jan.* 29, 1833.

"Amongst the Speakers who have addressed the House on the Tariff. Mr. Shepard of N. Carolina has earned for himself a reputation of which his friends may well be proud. His speech in comparison with many, might be considered brief, but that fault, if it can be called one, was amply compensated by clear lucid argument,—at times he was truly eloquent, breathing forth sentiments of pure patriotism, clothed in language at once simple and classical; on the whole, I think the speech of Mr. Shepard may be ranked, if not the best, amongst the foremost of the very best delivered this session. The citizens of Philadelphia cannot but feel proud of the successful effort of Mr. S. when they are informed that he was educated at the University of Pennsylvania.

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*From the memoirs of Mrs. Susan Huntington*

It is a common remark, that the characters of men are for the most part, pretty justly appreciated; that the decisions which are passed upon them by the great tribunal of public opinion, are, usually, a safe standard for the formation of private judgment. This may be true in general; yet I am inclined to think, there are many exceptions to the rule. A man may have the reputation of being generous. And why? Because, in a few showy and popular instances, he has been so; while his private life, may have been marked with all the bitterness of a mean and parsimonious economy. The world are apt to judge of a man's character by a few splendid acts, or lamentable miscarriage. This is especially the case with those, who are not accustomed to follow the man, with the accuracy of a discriminating observation, to his family, where the stimulus of public inspection has subsided, and see what he is there.—I think it cannot be pressed too earnestly upon the young that character is not what a person does, or is, once a year, or once in half a dozen years, but what he is and does habitually. A very generous man may, from mistake, or from some other cause, do what is the excess of littleness. A very meek man may, from the pressure of perplexing circumstances, get so much off his guard, as to utter things unadvised and improper, which he would weep tears of blood to recall. A very humble man may be placed, by the imputation of charges which he knows to be false, in a situation so irksome, as to induce him to defend himself with a tone and manner, entirely foreign from the general disposition and habit of his mind. Now these striking overt acts, are often those which are often laid hold of by the world, and determine its judgment upon character. It is extremely important that children should be early taught, to distinguish between appearances and realities; else they will be continually in danger of adopting the egregious follies and palpable corruptions of persons, whose few splendid virtues may have excited their admiration, and of avoiding an acquaintance with persons the most worthy, because a few weaknesses or inconsistencies appearing in their behaviour, have produced disgust. Nothing in such a world as this, can be more foolish than to renounce a friend, because we have found him to be imperfect.

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*Stage Robbery.*—We understand that the baggage straps of the Stage between Petersburg and Halifax were cut a few nights since, about eight miles north of the latter place, and several trunks taken off. There were a number of passengers, the names of none of whom we have heard but that of Mr. McLane, of Columbia, S. C. We have not understood whether a recovery of the trunks has been effected.—*Ral. Reg.*

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*Management of Swine.*—An extensive Farmer in Twiggs county, Georgia, states, that he raises from 40 to 50,000 weight of Bacon annually. His hogs run at large in the summer. When his sweet potatoes and peas begin to get ripe, he turns his hogs upon them, one field at a time, and lets them remain till they have pretty well cleared it, and then turns them into another. He never loses any hogs by this course.—He thinks potatoes and peas preferable together, to either separate. A short time before killing, he puts them in pens and gives them corn. He plants potatoes and peas in every field for this purpose.

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## NEW CHEAP GOODS.

THE Subscriber has just returned from the North with a cheap and carefully selected assortment of

**HATS,**

LADIES' AND GENTLEMENS' SHOES AND BOOTS.
MEN'S AND BOYS' FUR, CLOTH AND SEAL SKIN CAPS.

He may be found three doors west from the Market House, on the north side of Hay street, where he is prepared to sell bargains, either at wholesale or retail. Merchants and others would do well to call immediately and examine his assortment

*Also, Sole and Upper LEATHER.*

G. HURLBUTT.

September 25. 99tf.

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## CHEAP AND NEW GOODS.

**D. MURCHISON,**

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the Public, that he has just received from New York, a general assortment of

**DRY GOODS,**

HATS, SHOES, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, CROCKERY WARE, GROCERIES, &c , which he offers cheap for Cash, at his Store in Mac Rae's new Brick Buildings, corner Store, west of R. Maynard & Co.'s Medicine Store.

*Oct.* 8. 1-tf

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## Boots and Shoes.

THE Subscriber has received a part of his Fall Stock, well worthy the attention of Country Merchants, consisting in part of

500 pair men's thick BROGANS and SHOES,
300 do. do. calf and kip do. do.
300 do. boys' thick and L. & B. do. do.
500 do. Ladies' Morocco Walking Shoes.
1000 do. do. do. Pumps, low price.

*ALSO, constantly on hand,*

Cotton and Wool Cards, Wrapping, Writing, & Letter Paper.

AMOS KIMBALL.

*Fayetteville, Nov.* 6, 1832. 70tf.

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## GROCERIES.

**15,000** Lbs. prime green and Rio Coffee,
10 hhds. good New Orleans Sugar,
A few barrels and half barrels of very superior brown Sugar,
100 kegs cut Nails and Brads,
150 sides sole Leather,
28 best quality Grindstones.

The above articles will be sold cheap for cash, or exchanged for Country produce, on very favorable terms.

WILLIAMSON WHITEHEAD.

November 13. §6-tf §

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## FISH!!

**75** Barrels No. 1, 2, and 3 MACKEREL,
No. 1 SALMON, for sale by

WILLIAMSON WHITEHEAD.

*December* 24. 12tf.

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## For Sale,

**60** Kegs White Lead in oil, part of it pure,
10 barrels paint Oil,
10 hhds brown Sugar,
100 casks Thomastown Lime, in good order,
Rowland's mill and cross cut Saws.

JNO. HUSKE & SON.

*March 5,* 1832. 70tf.

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## Factorage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE subscriber having large and commodious Warehouses in a convenient part of town, and so situated as to be almost entirely out of all danger by fire, would attend to any business connected with the above line on the usual terms, and hopes, by reason of the advantages he may possess in point of security against that destructive element, and his own exertions to give general satisfaction in all cases where business is entrusted to him, to receive a share of public patronage.

HENRY HORN

N. B. Country Merchants and others consigning Goods and Packages to my care from any of the Northern Cities, or any part of the Country, will meet with prompt attention in having them forwarded to any part of the State or the adjoining counties.

Fayetteville Jan. 1, 1833. (13tf.) H. H

**25** Kegs cut NAILS assorted from 4d to 20d, just received and for sale by

J. MUNN.

*March* 13. 71tf

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## JACKSON HOTEL.

**Liberty Point,**

**FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.**

THE Subscriber tenders his sincere thanks to the public for the very liberal encouragement he has heretofore received, and hopes by unceasing assiduity, to merit a greater portion of patronage. He takes pleasure in stating, that he has just erected a splendid Hotel on the spot where he formerly lived. His table, as usual, shall be supplied with the luxuries of the market; and his Bar furnished with Liquors and Wines, not inferior to any Public House in the place His Stables are also new, well supplied with the best provender, and attended by careful and skillful Ostlers. His charges will be moderate.

WADDLE CADE.

November 27, 1832. §8-tf.§

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## NEW STORE.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has taken the Store lately erected by Mr. Hooper, on the south side of Person street, a few doors east of Market Square, where he is now receiving and intends keeping constantly on hand, a good supply of the following articles.

Prime green COFFEE,
St. Croix, Porto Rico and N. Orleans SUGAR,
Liverpool and Alum Salt,
Swedes and English Iron,
German and Blister Steel,
Molasses, Pepper, Spice and Ginger,
Nails, Powder, Shot and Lead,
Castings, Axes, Spades and Shovels,
Cotton Bagging, Bale Rope and Twine,
Trace Chains, Halters and Weeding Hoes,
Drugs and Medicines,
Loaf and lump Sugar, Copperas,
Window Glass and Putty; Bellows, Anvils, Vises,
Sole and upper Leather,

**DRY GOODS,**

CROCKERY, HATS AND SHOES.

*COTTON AND WOOL CARDS,* &c &c.

Without further enumeration, his Stock comprises an assortment particularly adapted to the country trade, all of which he is disposed to sell at fair prices for cash or country produce, for which he will at all times pay the highest market prices.

WILL O JEFFREYS.

N. B.—Any Commission Business will also meet with prompt attention. W. O. J.

*October* 9. 1-tf.

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## FISH.

**20** Boxes prime Cod FISH.
For sale by

A. KIMBALL.

*November* 13. §6-tf.§

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## REMOVAL.

***Dr. James H. Dickson,***

HAS removed to the New Brick Building, on the East side of Green-street, directly opposite the Store of Messrs. Jno. Huske & Son, where he offers for sale on reasonable terms, for Cash, or approved credit, a General Assortment of

**DRUGS and MEDICINES,**
*Shop Furniture, Surgical Instruments,*
*Paints, Oils, and Dye Stuffs,*
*Hatters' Materials,*
*Perfumery, &c.*

October 15th, 1832. 2-tf

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## THE SUBSCRIBERS

WOULD beg leave to call the attention of their friends, and the public generally, to their

*Entire New and Extensive Stock of Seasonable, Fancy and Staple*

**DRY GOODS,**
***HARDWARE & CUTLERY,***
**Hats, Shoes, & Cotton Cards,**
***Foolscap and Letter Paper,***

BLANK BOOKS, SPELLING BOOKS, &c. &c.

Now opening at their Store, corner of Exchange Square and Hillsborough Street; which they offer on liberal terms, at WHOLESALE, exclusively.

Their Stock having been selected with care, from the late Sales in New York, they flatter themselves, they can offer inducements, making it worthy the attention of dealers generally. Among their Stock, will be found a

***General Assortment of***

Superfine Blue and Black Broad Cloths,
Kerseys and Sattinetts,
Brown and bleached Sheetings & Shirtings,
Sup. fancy and common Prints,
Red, white, and green Flannels,
Point, duffle, and rose Blankets,
Tickings and Checks,
Domestic Plaids and Stripes,
Plain and figured Book Muslins,
Plain and figured Cambric Muslins,
5 4 and 6-4 Jackonett Muslins,
Swiss Collars and Capes,
Bobbinett and cotton Laces,
Dunstable and Leghorn Bonnets,
Balls Cotton Yarn, &c. &c.

Together with a very great variety of Articles, too numerous to particularize in an advertisement.

HALL & JOHNSON.

*Fayetteville, Nov.* 12, 1832 6-tf

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## THE SUBSCRIBERS

ARE now receiving direct from N. York, their Fal supply of GROCERIES, which comprises a very general assortment of every article in their line.—Their stock will in part comprise the following articles, viz.

38 hhds. P. Rico
20 bbls. loaf and lump } SUGARS,
30 hhds. prime retailing Molasses,
10 ½ chests Imperial
14 ¼ do. Gunpowder and Hyson } TEAS,
165 bags prime green
20 bbls. do. } COFFEE,
120 ps. heavy 42 inch Cotton Bagging,
100 coils Bale Rope,
42 bags Pepper, Spice and Ginger,
55 boxes Tin Plate,
85 boxes Window Glass,
250 kegs cut Nails,
60 tons Swedes and English Iron,
15 bundles hoop and band Iron,
16 ditto German and cast Steel,
150 bags Shot, assorted Nos.
2000 lbs. bar Lead,
75 kegs Dupont's Powder,
3 ceroons Spanish Flotant Indigo,
5 hhds. green Copperas,
60 kegs White Lead,
20 bbls. Tanner's and Lamp Oil,
20 doz. grass and bramble Scythe Blades,
10 do. patent rivetted and Cutting Knives, Liverpool and Alum Salt.

With a general assortment of Patent Medicines, Hatter's Materials, &c. &c.

HALL & JOHNSON.

*Fayetteville, Nov.* 12, 1832. 6tf.

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## Just Received,

**10** Hhds. prime SUGAR,
15 bags COFFEE,
60 kegs Nails and Brads,
200 sacks Liverpool Salt,
25 barrels Mackerel,
25 half bbls. do.
5000 lbs. choice Bacon, for sale by

CASWELL S. BRAY.

*July* 10. 88-tf.

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## GARDEN SEEDS.

AN unusually large supply of GARDEN SEEDS, of every description, raised by J. L. Belden of Wethersfield, Connecticut, and of the growth of 1832, just received and for sale by

J. CAMPBELL.

January 1, 1833. 13tf

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## The Subscriber

HAS just received on consignment, and offers for sale, Person street,

**100** Casks fresh Thomastown LIME,
**6** Hhds. good MOLASSES.

WILL. O. JEFFREYS.

*December* 10, 1832.

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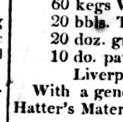
## Boot and Shoe Manufactory,

AT THE SIGN OF THE BIG BOOT.



The Subscriber has commenced business in the above line, in the Store lately occupied by Mr Henry L. Jones, three doors south of Market Square, where he will keep on hand a general assortment of BOOTS & SHOES of his own manufacture and of warranted materials.

As he intends selling *exclusively* for *cash*, his customers may expect to be supplied on the lowest possible terms.

PELEG PEARCE.

☞ Boots and Shoes made to measure, and repaired at the shortest notice. P. P.

*March* 6.

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## *Factorage and Commission* BUSINESS.

THE Subscriber having *for the present*, opened an office at his Dwelling House, on the corner of Dick and Russell streets, and provided himself with Warehouses in Campbellton, is prepared to carry on his business as usual.

All kinds of Produce received and sold or forwarded, as may be directed Goods and Merchandize received and forwarded, together with all other business pertaining to a general commission agency

He will also attend to the offering for discount, renewal and payment of notes at the different Banks in this place, *to which branch of his business he will pay particular attention*, and flatters himself, that from his general knowledge of the business of the place, he will be able to give satisfaction to his employers.

JOSEPH BAKER.

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## HENRY HORN

OFFERS for sale, at the store recently occupied by Mr. W. Whitehead, East of the Planter's Hotel,

**50** Bags prime green Coffee
10 hhds Porto Rico and New Orleans Sugar
10 do. prime retailing Molasses
3 do. Sirup for family use
2000 bushels Liverpool Salt
500 sacks do do
Alum, Cadiz and Blown do
100 kegs cut Nails and Brads, assorted
12 tons Swedes and English Iron, assorted
Sheet and Hoop Iron
German, blistered and cast Steel,
75 sets Wagon Boxes
600 pieces Castings, assorted
1600 lbs. Cotton Yarn
1000 lbs. Bar Lead
40 bags buck and drop Shot
15 kegs Orange and Dupont's FFF Powder
Pepper, Spice, Race and Ground Ginger, Imperial and Hyson Tea, Loaf and Lump Sugar, Epsom and Glauber Salts, Salt Petre, Alum, Indigo, Madder, Spanish Brown, Pearl Ash, Window Glass, Candles, Writing and Wrapping Paper, Cotton and Wool Cards, Wool and Fur Hats, Cotton Bagging, Bale Rope and Twine, Blue Wire, Trace Chains, Frying Pans, Spades and Shovels, Scythe Blades, Cutting Knives, Stone Jugs, Bar Soap, and Starch,

**DRY GOODS,**
***Hardware and Cutlery.***

Together with a number of other articles too tedious to mention; all of which will be sold low for cash or country produce. The highest prices will be paid for country produce.

*Nov.* 6. 5-tf

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## NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

**P. DAILEY,**

IS now receiving from New York and Philadelphia, his Fall and Winter supply of Goods, which consists of

**DRY GOODS,**
***Groceries, Hardware & Cutlery,***
*HATS, SHOES, IRON, HOLLOW WARE, &c. &c. &c.*

All of which he will sell on the most reasonable terms. Country Merchants and others, are invited to call and examine for themselves.

N. B. A good assortment of ANCHOR BOLTING CLOTHS, kept constantly on hand.

15th Oct., 1832. 2-tf

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## Factorage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE Subscriber having commenced the above business, solicits a share of patronage. All kinds of Produce received and sold or forwarded as may be directed. Goods and Merchandize received and forwarded, together with all other business appertaining to a general Commission Agency.

DANIEL DICKSON.

*Wilmington, N. C. Sept.* 21*st* 1832 99-tf.

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## IMPORTANT

***To Physicians, and Dealers in Medicines.***

**R. MAYNARD & CO.,**

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

*Person-Street, opposite Willkings & Co.,*

ARE now receiving a large and general Assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, DYE STUFFS, & HATTERS' MATERIALS, &c. Their Stock is by far the largest that has ever been offered in this Market, and which they warrant to be genuine, and are determined to sell at the lowest possible terms. Physicians and Country Merchants are invited to call and examine their stock. Orders will be promptly attended to. Prescriptions from Physicians put up at the shortest notice.

*Oct.* 1. 800-tf

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## The Subscriber,

OFFERS for sale at the Store recently occupied by Mr. O. P. Stark—

8 Hhds and 12 bbls good Sugar,
15 bags Coffee,
10 hhds Molasses,
7 tons assorted Iron,
50 kegs Nails,
40 pieces good Hemp Bagging, 42 inches wide,
25 coils of Bale Rope,
100 lbs. Twine,
Sole and Upper Leather,
Bar and Sheet Lead,
Dupont's Gun Powder,
German and Blistered Steel,
Copperas, Spanish Brown and Alum,
Pepper, Spice and Ginger,
Saltpetre and Pearlash,
Gum Shellac and Logwood,
Superfine Flour, and Bacon,
Salt of different qualities, some as low price as 25 cents per bushel. W. WHITEHEAD.

*Oct.* 15. 2-tf

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## NEW FIRM.

THE Subscribers respectfully announce to their friends and the public, that they have purchased the Stock of Goods of Mr. *Duncan Smith*, and intend conducting the Tailoring Business under the Firm o

**SMITH, McDONALD & CO.**

two doors south of Market Square, where they request all to come and examine for themselves.

Their Stock consists of a very general assortment of Blue, Black and Olive Saxony CLOTHS, CASSIMERES assorted, superior quality, best plain and figured VELVETS, VESTINGS, CAMLETS, and all necessary TRIMMINGS, of the best kind. Also, a great variety of Sewing and Darning NEEDLES, BODKINS, ect. They pledge themselves to dispose of their Goods at the most moderate prices, and all Work entrusted to them will be done neatly and in a workmanlike manner.

DANIEL SMITH,
JNO. MAC DONALD.
ARCH'D JOHNSON.

*June 5,* 1832. 83-tf.

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## TAKEN UP

AND committed to the Jail of this County, a dark mulatto Negro Man, who says his name is Wm. Freeman, and that he is a free man. He is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, 23 or 25 years of age. He has since acknowledged that his name is DEMPS, and that he belongs to Sam. Shaw of Wake County. The owner is notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away.

FREDERICK MOORE, *Jailer.*

*Fayetteville, Nov.* 13. 6tf

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## Cape Fear & Yadkin Rail Road.

PURSUANT to the provisions of an Act of the Legislature of North Carolina, entitled "An Act to incorporate the Cape Fear and Yadkin Rail Road Company," the undersigned Commissioners, appointed by the said Act, *Give Notice*, That Books for Subscription to the Capital Stock of the said Company will be opened at the Court House on Tuesday the 8th instant, and continued open at the Bank of Cape Fear in Fayetteville, after that day until farther notice.

DUNCAN MAC RAE,
J. W. WRIGHT,
JOHN H. HALL,
ROBERT STRANGE,
ALEXANDER ELLIOTT. } Commissioners.

*Fayetteville, May* 7, 1832. 79tf.

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## CHEAP NEW GOODS.

***ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL***

RESPECTFULLY intimates to his friends and the public, that he is now opening in the new brick Tenement erected by John Kelly, Esq., North West Corner of Market Square, a very handsome and extensive assortment of

**New Goods,**

carefully selected by himself in New York and Philadelphia, from the *latest importations*. His stock which is unusually complete, embraces a great variety of new and fashionable DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, fine CUTLERY, CHINA, CROCKERY and GLASS WARE, which he confidently asserts will equal in point of quality, any Goods ever offered in this market, and all of which will be sold to wholesale and retail purchasers on the most reasonable terms.—Country Merchants and retail purchasers generally, will find it their interest to call and examine his stock which comprises in part the following, viz.

Super blue, black and mixt Saxony Cloths,
Extra super London blue and black ditto,
Ditto do. light and dark green, brown & olive green,
Dark, Oxford and steel mixt do., very cheap,
Ditto super London black Cassimere,
A large assortment of fine and common Sattinetts,
Some extra super do., very cheap,
White Jeans, Imperial Cord and Rouen Cassimeres,
Pittsburg & bang-up Cords, Beaverteen & Moleskins,
Silk Velvet, Marseilles, Valentia and Swansdown Vesting,
Green, red and white Flannels, fine and common,
White Gauze do., really fine and Salisbury do.
Green Baize and Floor Cloths, oil do., various patterns,
Irish Linen in whole and demi pieces, very superior and unusually cheap,
Ditto do. Sheetings, birds-eye and Russia Diaper,
Heavy Marseilles Counterpanes, col'd do.
Low priced and super quality Bed Ticking,
Apron Checks, fine and common, Furniture do. and curtain Calicoes,
Gig top Nankeen, a very superior article for that purpose,
Blue and dark colored heavy Camlets, goat's hair do.
Fine and common Circassians and Bombazetts,
Super Bombazines and London imitation painted Muslins,
Ditto Oriental fancy Plaid and Drapery Muslins.
Plain and figured Swiss, Jaconet, Book and Mull do.
Fine and common Cambrics, Bishop Lawn,
Silesia do., Brown Holland and Fustians,
Pink, green, yellow, blue and dark col'd Cambrics,
Linen Cambric, very fine; do. Hdkfs. plain & bord'd,
Bobbinett and thread Laces, Edgings, Insertions, Quillings, &c. &c.
Very rich bl'k and white fig'd Lace Veils, large size,
Super blond Gauze do. white and green,
Beautiful Adelaide lace Collars and open Capes,
Rich gauze Hdkfs, Marabon, scollop and crape do.
Do. do. Scarfs, Prague and Damask Hdkfs.
Rich scarlet, black and white merino Shawls, extra large sizes and very cheap,
Thibet wool and worsted Shawls, printed borders,
Gentlemen's silk and patent gum elastic Suspenders, Do. silk Hdkfs.
Ladies', Gentlemen's and Misses' silk, cotton, and worsted Hosiery, assorted, do. do. Gloves and white Berlin do.
A very extensive selection of Silks, unusually low, including all the most fashionable colours,
Favaroni's best Italian Lustring, Matteoni's do., superior lustre,
Gros de-Naps, Swiss and de-Berlin, of all colors and shades, cheaper than any before offered in this market,
Pink, green, yellow, white, blue, and straw colored Florences and Satins,
White and black Satin, green Silk, suitable for Calashes; do. black Serge,
White and yellow marking Canvass, patent Thread all colors,
Best Italian sewing Silk; Saddler's do. and Twist do
Cap and bonnet Ribbons, a great variety; Taffetas and Gauze do.
Rich Belt Ribbons; bonnet Wire and Trimmings,
3 cases fine Leghorn and Dunstable Bonnets, some entirely new style, very cheap,
Imitation Flowers, a great variety,
Worsted & silk Braids, silk Cords, Gimps, Ribbon-Wire, Capes, Lacets, and P. Robes,
Some beautiful (real French) 6 4 merino Cloths of the most desirable colors, for ladies' Dresses and Habits, colors warranted genuine,
Light, dark, green, brown, olive, light blue, claret, dark and fawn colored merino Circassians for dresses, very fine,
A very extensive assortment of Calicoes, selected from the *latest* importations, choice style and very cheap,
Brown and bleached Shirtings and Sheetings, *unusually low,*
Heavy Cottenades for Negro clothing,
Ladies' and Misses' prunella, morocco, seal and leather Shoes.
Gentlemen's fine Boots, Bootees, Shoes and Pumps,
Fine and common Brogans and Shoes,
Gentlemen's fashionable satin, beaver & fine fur Hats,
Ditto drab do, very cheap,
Boys' fancy Caps and fine fur Hats,
Gentlemen's heavy silk and cotton Umbrellas, finished in the best style and uncommonly cheap,
Ladies' light do. and Parasols, assorted,
Gentlemen's fashionable Stocks, a great variety and very cheap,
Perfumery, Essences, Oils, Otto of Roses, Pungents, Pomatum, Powder Puffs, vestimental Soap, Indelible Ink, &c. &c.
A general supply of Drugs and Medicines, most commonly called for,
Table Knives and Forks, a great variety,
Desert ditto, of various qualities,
Do. do. ivory handles, with best sabre blades, and balance handles in sets complete,
Do. do. lower qualities, and sets of Carvers & Steel,
Pen Knives and pocket do., a great variety, with 2, 3 and 4 blades, some very superior with pearl and shell handles,
Razors of various qualities, some superior in cases,
Ladies' best refined steel Scissors and gentlemen's pocket do.
Edge Tools, cast steel Axes, Adzes, large sizes, saw Setts, Nut Crackers, patent Augers, spike Gimlets and cast steel Awls,
Locks, iron rim, closet, bastard and fine plate cupboard, till and chest, brass do. and Padlocks,
Cast steel Plane Irons, coach Wrenches & Bed Keys,
Knobs, plated, brass and glass, a great variety,
Cloak and curtain Pins, Escutcheons and do. Pins,
Hinges, Pullies, powder Flasks, shot Belts, sportsmen's Bags, gun Locks and Worms, percussion Caps, screw Drivers and wood Screws, brass Nails and brass stair Rods and Eyes,
Hand and mill Saws, c. & s. Files, Hammers,
Bells, polished house, sleigh, hand and cow Bells,
Snuffers, Trays and steel do., japaned Trays, Waiters and bread Baskets,
Tea Kettles, Britannia coffee and tea Pots,
Plated and Britannia tea and table Spoons,
Steelyards, Squares, iron steel blades and Compasses,
Tin and brass Cocks keyed, some extra large sizes, for Hydrants, &c.
Full plated stirup Irons and bridle Bits,
Saddles and Bridles, extra stirup & bridle Leathers,
An assortment of gig, riding and sportsmen's fancy Whips,
Crockery Ware, some elegant sets of China, 72 pieces complete, smaller do., a great variety and unusually cheap.
A very extensive assortment of plain and rich cut Glass Ware, comprizing a variety of articles rarely to be found in this market.

☞ All of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms for Cash.

*Fayetteville, N. C., August* 28, 1832. 94tf.

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## New Watches, Jewelry,

**J. CAMPBELL,**

HAS just received and for sale, at his Old Stand, a few doors West of the Market Square, a new and handsome assortment of

**WATCHES AND FASHIONABLE JEWELRY,**

SILVER WARE, FINE CUTLERY, MUSICAL GOODS, MATHEMATICAL and MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, FINE PAINTS, PERFUMERY, together with almost every article usually found in establishments of the kind.

*Fayetteville, Dec.* 4.

☞ Clock and Watch repairing and all work in the line thankfully received and promptly attended to.

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## BONNETS and HATS.

1 Case Tuscan BONNETS,
1 do Belgian ditto.
2 do Misses, assorted.

—*Also*—

30 doz. Palm leaf HATS,

Received per Steam Boat Henrietta, and for sale by

AMOS KIMBALL.

January 8, 1833. 14-tf.

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HAIR for Plaistering, for sale by

JNO. HUSKE & SON.

*May* 8.

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## Travelling Trunks and Valises.

JUST received an assortment of Leather ELLING TRUNKS and BAGS.

For sale by

A. KIMBALL.

*November* 13. 56-tf

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## NOTICE.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public that he has now on hand and is receiving a general assortment of

**GOODS,**

In the Store of the late Thomas Fuller, and opposite the Market, all those wishing to supply themselves with the following articles to call and examine his stock, as he intends to sell at the lowest market price for cash or country produce:—

**15** Hhds. SUGAR, Porto Rico and New Orleans,
5000 lbs green St. Jago Coffee,
15 tons Swedes and English Iron,
German, Blistered and Cast Steel,
192 pieces heavy Dundee and Tow Bagging,
100 coils Bale Rope,
200 sides best sole Leather,
500 lbs. Harness Leather,
300 lbs. Skirting and Bridle Leather,
50 Hhds. bright retailing Molasses,
600 bushels Alum Salt,
600 bushels Cadiz do.,
126 sacks Liverpool do.,
50 kegs Nails and Brads,
10 bags Spice,
5 do. Pepper,

An assortment of Dry Goods, Shoes, Hardware, Cutlery, Blacksmith's Tools, Cochineal and Wool Cards, ready made Clothes and Cassinets, Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs, Loaf Sugar, &c.

JONES FULTON.

October 29. §4-tf

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## New and Cheap Fancy Goods.

**H. CAMPBELL, JR. & Co.**

GRATEFUL for past favors, inform their friends and the Public, that he will still remain at his old Stand, on the North side of Hay-street, two doors above the Market House, where he is receiving a large supply of

**Fall and Winter Goods,**

comprising all that is New and Fashionable, carefully selected by himself, in New York and Philadelphia; and is now determined to sell very low for Cash, Wholesale and Retail

It is particularly requested, that all those who have been so often called on for payment of accounts, and have hitherto neglected to do so, now make immediate payment, as it is necessary that all old accounts should be settled without delay.

H. CAMPBELL, JR.

*N. B.*—**Daily Expected,**

Assortment of all kinds of SILK THREAD, New Style of Goods for Ladies' Dresses, ALTEA, in Canisters, LOAF and LUMP, &c. &c., with great variety of other Articles tedious to enumerate.

*Fayetteville, 18th Sept.*, 1832.

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## PLANTER'S HOTEL.

R. COCHRAN, late of the Lafayette Hotel, has taken the large and commodious House known as the Planter's Hotel, at the foot of Hay Street, where he is prepared to accommodate Travellers and Boarders. The General Stock is kept at the above Hotel, where all the Stages arrive at and depart from.

Fayetteville, June 1.

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## LIME.

**118** Casks of Thomastown, and 15 Rhode Island white lump LIME, (a superior article) just received and for sale

E. L. & W. WINSLOW.

*January* 2, 1832.

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## New Goods.

THE Subscriber informs the public that he is receiving a large stock of DRY GOODS of every description, which is offered to the public at greatly reduced prices; having been bought mostly at the late New York package sales, they will be sold extremely low. Merchants from the country, will do well to call and examine them. Among the Goods are some superior black, olive, brown, bottle green and mixt Sattinets, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Drillings, Cassimeres, Merino Cloths, imitation Merino, Brochelles, Lastings, Princettas, Nankeen, Cotton, a great variety of fancy Prints, new London, 4-4 and 6-4 Ginghams, 4-4 Parisian Prints, Muslins, Swiss Muslins, cross bar'd Muslins, Bobbinet and Book Muslins, Swiss Capes and Collars, lace Capes and Pelerines, 5-4, 4-4 and 3-4 and Sheetings, 4-4 Irish Linens, Long Lawns, Cambrics, and Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Barrel Irish Sheeting, 8-4 table Diaper, Russia Diaper, Bobbinet and other Vestings, Palm leaf Hats, 5 kegs merino square and long Shawls, Leghorn bags, stable Bonnets, Shoes, Carpetings.

SILKS.

Gros-de-Swiss, Italian Lustrings, Gros-de-Naples, blk. Sinchews and Sarsnets, pink and green Florences, rich Vestings, ribbon and belt Ribbons, fancy gauze Handkerchiefs and Scarfs, Nankin Crape Shawls, Nankin, rich fig'd Silks, Barege and Palmerines, ladies' Work Bags, ladies' Cravats, bandanna Handkerchiefs, &c. &c., together with many other articles tedious to enumerate.

JNO. M.

*April* 24, 1832.